соответствует ФГОС

Ступени

Е. Г. Воронова

АНГЛИЙСКИЙ ЯЗЫК

ТЕСТЫ



3 класс

К учебнику И. Н. Верещагиной, Т. А. Притыкиной
«English 3»

Издательство Айрис

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УДК 373.167.1:811.111*03
ББК 81.2Англ-922
В75

Серийное оформление *В. А. Артемова*

Воронова, Е. Г.

В75 Английский язык. 3 класс. Тесты к учебнику И. Н. Верещагиной, Т. А. Притыкиной "English 3" / Е. Г. Воронова. — М. : АЙРИС-пресс, 2017. — 128 с. — (Ступени).

ISBN 978-5-8112-6492-6

В пособии представлены тесты к учебнику И. Н. Верещагиной, Т. А. Притыкиной «Английский язык: учебник для 3 класса школ с углублённым изучением английского языка, лицеев, гимназий, колледжей». Его материалы охватывают все лексические и грамматические темы, изучаемые на данном этапе обучения, со строгим соблюдением последовательности ввода грамматических структур и лексических единиц.

Наличие ключей ко всем заданиям позволит заниматься по книге не только на уроке, но также самостоятельно или под руководством родителей, что будет способствовать повышению успеваемости учащегося по английскому языку.

УДК 373.167.1:811.111*03
ББК 81.2Англ-922

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ISBN 978-5-8112-6492-6

Уважаемые учителя и родители!

В данном пособии представлен дидактический материал к учебнику для 3 класса школ с углублённым изучением английского языка, лицеев и гимназий (авторы И. Н. Верещагина, Т. А. Притыкина).

Вы можете использовать материалы пособия на протяжении всего учебного года, так как они охватывают все лексические и грамматические темы, изучаемые на данном этапе. В пособии строго соблюдена последовательность ввода грамматических структур и лексических единиц.

Дидактические материалы помогут вам активизировать и разнообразить процесс обучения, учитывая особенности ваших учеников. Из предлагаемых заданий можно выбрать несколько для проверки определённых умений и навыков.

Каждый раздел пособия соответствует нескольким урокам основного учебника. Завершая изучение определённой лексической или грамматический темы, вы можете воспользоваться тестами и оценить знания учащихся по трём основным разделам — грамматике, лексике, чтению. Наличие большого количества заданий даёт вам большую вариативность.

У учащихся не возникает вопросов относительно формы заданий, так как дидактические материалы основаны на привычных видах работы. Это заполнение пропусков, выбор правильной грамматической формы, установление соответствия, словообразование, тестовые задания. Присутствуют также более сложные задания — ответы на вопросы, перевод с русского на английский. Несомненно, порадуют учеников кроссворды, цель которых проверка усвоения лексических единиц. Каждый раздел сборника содержит задания, контролирующие навыки чтения транскрипционных знаков.

Выполнение заданий оценивается по следующей схеме. Если учащийся выполнил две трети работы (65%), то она может быть оценена на «удовлетворительно». Оценка «хорошо»

ставится в случае выполнения 80% работы. Оценка «отлично» предполагает выполнение 95–100% работы.

В конце пособия приведены ключи, что окажет неоценимую помощь тем, кто предпочтёт заниматься английским языком самостоятельно. Учитель же может легко удалить ключи и использовать дидактические материалы для контроля.

✓ Round-up Lessons

Test 1

(Lessons 1–8)

Grammar

(1) Complete the sentences with *am, is, are.*

Example: I **am** from Great Britain.

1. My name _____ Sally.
2. We _____ not little.
3. My friends _____ very funny.
4. My grandmother _____ 55.
5. What colour _____ your balls? — They _____ red.
6. How old _____ you? — I _____ eight.
7. Where _____ you? — I _____ under the chair.

(2) Choose the right word.

Example: My black cat **has got** four nice kittens. (have got / has got)

1. We _____ snow in Russia. (have got / has got)
2. Where _____ your mother from? (are / is)
3. Boys and girls in Russia _____ stadiums near their schools. (have got / has got)

4. I _____ not fine today. (is / am)
5. _____ you _____ a toy brown bear under the table? (have got / has got)
6. Where _____ your sons? (is / are)
7. My nice doll _____ very big. (is / are)

3 Answer the questions.

1. Are you a pupil? — Yes, _____.
2. Must you go to school every day? — No, _____ _____.
3. Can you ride a bike? — No, _____.
4. Has your mother got a cat? — No, _____ _____.
5. Does your father like his work? — Yes, _____ _____.
6. Are your friends pupils? — Yes, _____.

4 Answer the questions.

1. What's your name? — _____
2. Where are you from? — _____
3. How old are you? — _____
4. What is your mother? — _____
5. Have you got a sister or a brother? — _____
6. What do you want to be? — _____ _____

7. What games do you like to play? — _____

_____

(5) Match the questions with the answers.

1. Does your big black cat like me?	It wants to play with me.
2. What does she want to have?	Yes, she does.
3. Does your father give you toys?	No, we don't.
4. Does your mother like big funny bears?	No, he doesn't.
5. Do we play with many toys?	Yes, they do.
6. What does your dog want?	She wants to have a white horse.
7. Do your mother and father love your nice little brother?	Yes, it does.

(6) Complete the sentences.

Example: Does your family love **her**? (she / her)

1. My little dog doesn't like _____ puppies. (it / its)
2. I want to teach _____ a lesson. (you / your)
3. Do _____ like to play sport games? (they / them / their)
4. In Russia _____ don't like to play hockey. (they / their / them)
5. _____ friend is a nice little boy. (He / His / Him)
6. This is my dog. Look at _____ puppies! (it / its)
7. _____ father can play table tennis very well. (She / He / His)

7 **Make the positive sentences negative and the negative sentences — positive.**

Example: You can't see me. — **You can see me.**
Mr. Green gives his horse to Mr. Black. — **Mr. Green doesn't give his horse to Mr. Black.**

1. Those boys play football at the school sports ground. — _____
2. My little bird likes my friend. — _____
3. My brother Tom can play tennis very well. — _____
4. Our friends from Africa can't play hockey. — _____
5. My father is a good sportsman. — _____
6. Bob doesn't like to play snowballs with me. — _____
7. I don't think about you. — _____

Reading

I Like Doctors

My name is Ted. I am nine. I am a pupil. I go to school. I like my school and my friends. I have got many

friends. We like to play. We play many games. We play tag, football and ride our bikes. Boys like to play pilots and officers. Girls like to play teachers. They play with dolls too.

But my friends don't like to play doctors. They don't like to go to the hospital and they don't like doctors. They are not happy to see doctors. But I am always happy to see doctors. I like doctors because my granny is a doctor. My mother is a dentist. She helps children with toothache. She is very kind. And I love my mum and granny very much.

8 True or false?

	True	False
1. Ted hasn't got many friends.		✓
2. Ted and his friends play computer games.		
3. Friends don't play doctors with Ted.		
4. Ted's mum is a dentist.		
5. Ted doesn't like doctors.		
6. Ted loves his granny and mum.		

Vocabulary

9 Complete the sentences with the words.

have, fine, with, you, would like, many, games

Dear Mary,
How are (1) _____? I am (2)_____.

I have got (3) _____ board games and I like to play (4) _____ my friends. (5) _____ you got board games? I (6) _____ to play with you. What (7) _____ do you like to play?

I want to meet you some day.

Bye!

Your friend John.

(10) Choose the right words.

1. Hi! My name is Jack. — _____, Jack.
   a) I am fine, thank you
   b) OK
   c) I am glad to meet you

2. What are you, Ann? — I am a _____.
   a) hospital
   b) plant
   c) pupil

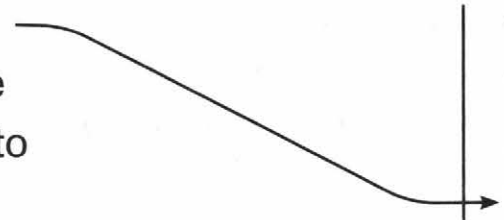
3. Do you want to be a pilot, Pete? — _____, I do.
   a) Thank you
   b) Of course
   c) Please

4. How do you do, Meg? — _____, Ben?
   a) How do you do
   b) I am fine
   c) Thank you

5. Let's go to the park, Alice. — _____.
   a) Please
   b) Then
   c) OK

6. I like to play doctors. — I like to play doctors, too. Let's play _____.
   a) of course
   b) then
   c) OK

(11) Match the words.



1. to play	the swimming pool
2. to have	to skip
3. to go to	under the table
4. to like	basketball
5. to be from	London
6. to be	a lot of fun
7. to play with	toys
8. to hide	a driver

(12) Spell the words.

Example: [ˈmʌðə] — mother

1. [ˈʌnkl] — _____
2. [ˈmʌŋkɪ] — _____
3. [ˈti:tʃə] — _____
4. [eɪt] — _____
5. [ˈsnəʊbɔ:l] — _____
6. [ˈhɒkɪ] — _____
7. [ˈdɔ:tə] — _____

Test 2

(Lessons 9–15)

Grammar

(1) Complete the sentences with the words.

too, giraffe, tag, in the, are you,
do you do, bag

1. I am clever and you are clever _____.
2. What _____ at seven o'clock every day?
3. Why _____ looking at me?
4. Nick's father usually reads books _____ evening.
5. My grandmother's _____ is very funny.
6. Ann, let's play _____!
7. My books are in my _____.

(2) Make up the sentences.

Example: what, you, are, doing, now? — **What are you doing now?**

1. her little sister, is, going to the swimming pool? — _____

_____

2. Ann, hockey, isn't, playing, now. — _____

_____

3. he, not, is, running, to school. — _____

_____

4. my teacher, where, running, is, now? — _____

_____

5. what, are, you, playing? — _____

_____

6. I, now, am, your ball, taking. — _____

_____

7. he, now, is, snowballs, playing. — _____

_____

(3) Match the questions with the answers.

1. Where are you going?	No, they are not. They are playing basketball.
2. Is your sister playing with your friend?	I'm going to the Zoo.
3. What is he doing?	No, she is not. They are not friends.
4. What are your friends doing?	No, he is skipping.
5. Are you playing hockey?	He is taking your bag!
6. Is Tom jumping?	No, I am not.
7. Are your friends playing football?	They are skipping.

4 Choose the right words.

1. _____ your mother got a friend?
   a) Does
   b) Has
   c) Are

2. This is _____. It is black and white.
   a) Bob's kitten
   b) Bob of the kitten
   c) kitten's Bob

3. My sisters' names _____ Russian.
   a) is
   b) are not
   c) do not

4. My cousin has got four _____.
   a) childs
   b) children
   c) child

5. I haven't got _____.
   a) a aunt
   b) brother
   c) an uncle

6. _____ you see those black horses?
   a) Are
   b) Does
   c) Can

7. _____ lunch at one o'clock?

a) Have you got
b) Do you have
c) Have you

(5) Complete the questions.

1. Is _____?
2. Are _____?
3. Where is _____?
4. Where are _____?
5. Have you got _____?
6. Do you like to _____?
7. How many _____?

(6) Complete the question with *do* or *does*.

Example: **Do** your mother and father love your nice little brother?

1. Where _____ you put your toys?
2. What _____ she want to have?
3. _____ you run and jump in the Zoo?
4. _____ your father give you toys?
5. _____ your mother like big funny bears?
6. _____ we play with many toys?
7. What _____ your dog want?

(7) Complete the sentences.

Example: He often **plays** computer games. (play / is playing)

1. Mike _____ to have a crocodile. (don't want / doesn't want)
2. Where _____ your friends like to run? (do / does)
3. Does your family _____ you? (love / loves)
4. My little dog _____ cats. (doesn't like / don't like)
5. I _____ want to play snowballs with you. (don't / doesn't)
6. What sport games _____ you want to play? (do / does)
7. My sister Helen _____ go to school. (don't / doesn't)

Reading

The Fox and the Fish

The fox says to the fish: "You can't swim very well!"

"Oh, yes, I can!"

"Let's run up to that tree! You, in the water and I, on the ground."

"OK!"

The fish doesn't want to swim very quickly. He is lazy but clever. He has got a big fish family.

The fox runs and runs. Then he stops: "Fish, where are you?"

And one of the fish family looks out of the water: "Hello!"

The fox runs and runs. Then he stops: "Where are you?"

And one of the fish family looks out of the water: "Hello!"

The fox runs up to the tree and falls on the ground. He can't stand, he can't talk.

One of the fish family looks out of the water: "I can swim very well, silly Fox!" Then the fish swims away to his big fish family.

8 Answer the questions.

1. Who can run? — **The fox can.**
2. Who can swim quickly? — _____
3. Is the fish lazy? — _____
4. Is the fox clever? — _____
5. Has the fish got a big family? — _____
6. Where does the fox run? — _____
7. Who is silly? — _____

Vocabulary

9 Complete the sentences with the words.

go, cold, name, teeth, fun, chess, watch

1. Your sister doesn't clean her _____ in the evening.
2. You don't _____ to school.

3. What is your brother's _____?
4. It is _____ today. It is winter now.
5. They boys are playing _____ now.
6. She likes to _____ TV in the evening.
7. We are having _____ now.

(10) Choose the right word.

1. We _____ a shower every day.
   a) give
   b) go to
   c) take

2. They usually _____ exercises at home.
   a) take
   b) give
   c) do

3. My uncle doesn't _____ home at five o'clock.
   a) take
   b) come
   c) get up

4. I go to the swimming pool _____ day.
   a) every
   b) one
   c) this

5. Oleg and Olga have got a _____.
   a) breakfast
   b) cousin
   c) lunch

6. I don't _____ supper every day.
   a) take
   b) have
   c) drink

7. _____ do you go to the swimming pool?
   a) Where
   b) What
   c) When

(11) Group the words.

ski, sister, uncle, blue, hockey, basketball, black, father, aunt, white, badminton, green, brown, skate, football, yellow, brother, daughter

Sport	Colours	Family
swim	red	mother

(12) Spell the words.

Example: [ˈmʌðə] — **mother**

1. [ɑ:nt] — _____
2. [θri:] — _____
3. [sʌn] — _____

4. [ˈræbɪt] — _____
5. [skeɪt] — _____
6. [naɪn] — _____
7. [greɪ] — _____

✓ Food

Test 3

(Lessons 16–22)

Grammar

(1) Write the sentences in Past Simple.

Example: She watches TV every day. — Yesterday she **watched** TV too.

1. We clean our teeth at 8 every day. — Yesterday we _____ our teeth at 8 too.
2. I play with my toys every morning. — Yesterday I _____ with my toys too.
3. She always skips with her friends. — Yesterday she _____ with her friends too.
4. My mother drinks tea every morning. — Yesterday she _____ tea in the morning too.
5. We eat porridge every day. — Yesterday we _____ porridge too.
6. You get up at 7 every day. — Yesterday you _____ at 7 too.
7. They come home at 3 o'clock. Yesterday they _____ home at 3 o'clock too.

(2) Fill in the missing forms.

вставать	get up	got up
иметь		
	give	
		went
видеть		
	say	
приходить		
		took
	put	
пить		
		ate

(3) Put a general question and a special question to each sentence.

Example: He washed his hands yesterday.
Did he wash his hands yesterday?
When did he wash his hands?

1. Mother gave us milk for breakfast yesterday.

   Did _____?

   What did _____?

2. You got up at 6 yesterday morning.

Did _____?

When did _____?

3. Helen played chess with you yesterday morning.

Did _____?

With whom _____?

4. My friend's aunt lived in London.

Did _____?

Where _____?

5. We saw our teacher in the Zoo yesterday.

Did _____?

Whom _____?

(4) Choose the right word.

1. He washed his hands and face but he didn't _____ a shower.
   a) take
   b) takes
   c) taking

2. We often _____ in winter.
   a) skate
   b) skated
   c) are skating

3. Mr. Brown _____ chess with his friend yesterday.
   a) is playing
   b) play
   c) played

4. Did you _____ your teeth yesterday morning?
   a) cleaned
   b) clean
   c) cleans

5. _____ you like to have a glass of juice? — Yes, please.
   a) Do
   b) Would
   c) Are

6. Yesterday evening my uncle _____ watch TV.
   a) doesn't
   b) don't
   c) did not

7. We are going _____ walk now.
   a) on
   b) on a
   c) for a

(5) Choose the right word.

Example: He often **goes** to the swimming pool. (goes / went)

1. Mike _____ to play football last year. (likes / liked)
2. She _____ to ride a bike every day. (likes / liked)

3. Did you _____ your hands in the morning? — No, I didn't. (wash / washed)

4. I didn't _____ to play chess. (like / liked)

5. Bill _____ want to go to skate yesterday afternoon. (doesn't / didn't)

6. Yesterday my friend _____ his mother about the house. (help / helped)

7. What _____ you read yesterday evening? (do / did)

(6) Make up sentences with the words using the table.

My sisters...	
You...	
I...	
My brother and I...	
...washed	my mother about the house.
...wash	TV yesterday.
...liked	to skate.
...like	me to do my homework yesterday.
...watched	to watch TV.
...watch	their hands and face yesterday morning.
...helped	animals in the Zoo.
...help	our hands at home.

1. Я помогаю маме по дому. — **I help my mother about the house.**

2. Мои сёстры умывались вчера утром. — _____

_____

3. Вчера ты помог мне сделать уроки. — _____

_____

4. Ты любишь кататься на коньках. — _____

_____

5. Мои сёстры любили смотреть телевизор. — _____

_____

6. Я наблюдаю за животными в зоопарке. — _____

_____

7. Ты смотрел вчера телевизор. — _____

_____

8. Мой брат и я моем руки дома. — _____

_____

Reading

Stuart Little and Snowball

Stuart, the mouse, lives in an American family. Every morning he washes his hands and face, cleans his teeth. Then he dresses and goes for a walk about the house. He sees Snowball, the cat.

"Now I want to do my morning exercises," says Stuart to Snowball.

"No, I don't want it!"

"Why not? Let's do exercises!"

"No, I don't like it at all!"

"Oh, what about your teeth?" says Stuart.

"My teeth... They are OK. They are big and..."

"But they are not white... Go and clean them!"

Now Snowball is angry. He is coming to Stuart and the mouse can see the cat's big teeth.

"Ha, ha! They look like big yellow bananas!"

Stuart isn't afraid of Snowball.

7 **Put the sentences in the right order.**

___ Stuart tells Snowball to go and clean his teeth.

___ Snowball is angry with Stuart.

___ Stuart sees that Snowball's teeth are not white.

1 Stuart lives in an American family.

___ Stuart wants to do exercises but Snowball doesn't want it.

___ Every morning Stuart dresses and goes for a walk about the house.

___ Stuart sees Snowball.

Vocabulary

8 **Cross the odd one out.**

Example: boy, ~~**girl**~~, father, grandfather, uncle

1. morning, yesterday, night, afternoon, evening
2. milk, tea, apple, coffee, juice

3. run, skip, walk, swim, sport
4. food, breakfast, dinner, lunch, supper
5. have, see, come, play, go
6. sweet, cup, cookie, egg, porridge
7. dentist, engineer, worker, baby, driver

(9) Choose the right words.

1. They played chess _____.
   a) now
   b) today
   c) yesterday

2. My father and my mother _____ TV every day.
   a) watch
   b) wash
   c) see

3. Puppies and their mother live in the _____.
   a) sports ground
   b) bag
   c) doghouse

4. An apple a day keeps _____ away.
   a) a teacher
   b) a dentist
   c) a doctor

5. Boys and girls like to eat _____.
   a) cats and dogs
   b) sweets and apples
   c) frogs and dolphins

6. _____ are very good for our teeth.
   a) Apples
   b) Sweets
   c) English toys

7. A friend in need is a _____ indeed.
   a) teacher
   b) farmer
   c) friend

(10) Complete the sentences with the words.

drink, eat, tea, dinner, evening, milk, glass

1. Don't _____ this banana. Can't you see that it is green and very bad?
2. It is nine o'clock in the _____.
3. Do you like _____ with milk? — Yes, I like it very much.
4. I usually _____ a glass of orange juice in the morning.
5. My sister always has coffee with _____ for lunch.
6. My grandmother always has a _____ of apple juice at breakfast.
7. She doesn't have porridge for_____.

(11) Spell the words.

Example: [kʌp] — **cup**

1. [ʤu:s] — _____
2. [ti:] — _____
3. [glɑ:s] — _____
4. ['æpl] — _____
5. [swi:t] — _____
6. ['kɒfɪ] — _____
7. ['pɒrɪʤ] — _____

Test 4

(Lessons 23–27)

Grammar

(1) Complete the sentences with the right prepositions.

in (2), with, at (2), for (2)

1. My sister liked to play _____ her toys.
2. You like to go _____ a walk with me.
3. What do you usually eat _____ breakfast?
4. We live _____ Russia.
5. Yesterday I cleaned my teeth _____ the morning.
6. I usually watch TV _____ night.
7. Did you skate _____ the stadium yesterday?

(2) Complete the sentences.

Example: Yesterday my mother **had** three bananas for breakfast! (has / had)

1. What _____ in your hands? (have you got / you have got)
2. My teacher usually _____ 'Hi' when she sees me. (say / says)
3. I _____ very hungry yesterday. (am / was)
4. You _____ three hamburgers and two pizzas for lunch yesterday. (eat / ate)
5. My father _____ vegetable soup but he likes to grow vegetables. (doesn't like / didn't like)
6. They _____ hungry and didn't have supper in the evening. (aren't / weren't)
7. _____ you at school yesterday? — No, I wasn't. (Are / Were)

(3) Make the sentences negative.

Example: He liked his bike. — **He didn't like his bike**.

1. He made soup without meat. —

   He didn't _____.
2. My mother ate salad with bread. —

   My mother didn't _____.

3. Jill bought sweet carrots yesterday. —

_____

4. My parents came home at eight. —

_____

5. You gave me your puppy. —

_____

6. They played leapfrog yesterday. —

_____

7. Mary drank apple juice yesterday. —

_____

(4) Translate into English. Use Past Simple.

Example: Вчера она играла в футбол. (to play football) — **Yesterday she played football.**

1. Маленький мальчик купил мороженое. (to buy ice cream) — _____

_____

2. Маленький мальчик купил мороженое? (to buy ice cream) — _____

_____

3. Папа приготовил вкусный суп. (to make tasty soup) —

_____

4. Папа приготовил вкусный суп? (to make tasty soup) —

_____

5. Ты съел фруктовый салат вчера. (to eat fruit salad) — _____

6. Ты съел фруктовый салат вчера? (to eat fruit salad) — _____

7. Мама пила яблочный сок. (to drink apple juice) — _____

8. Мама пила яблочный сок? (to drink apple juice) — _____

(5) Make up the questions.

Example: is, who, there? — **Who is there?**

1. my porridge, where, is? — _____
2. was, my hamster, cold in winter? — _____
3. red, orange, or, were, the flowers? — _____
4. how old, you, are? — _____
5. were, you, out, yesterday, why? — _____
6. why, you, always, for school, are, late? — _____

7. are, fruit, tomatoes? — _____

_____

6 Match the questions with the answers.

1. Where is he from?	No, I wasn't. I was five.
2. How were you yesterday?	They are my aunts.
3. Were you a pupil last year?	I was not fine. I was very ill.
4. Who are they?	He is from Great Britain.
5. What colour is your horse?	It is under the chair.
6. Where were you yesterday night?	It is black and white.
7. What was that?	We were in.
8. Where is your puppy?	It was my cat.

Reading

"How Can I Eat?"

New word:

if — если

Stuart the mouse lives in an American family, the Littles.

One morning the family is at the breakfast table but Stuart is not. He looks very unhappy now.

"Let's call the doctor! Stuart is ill," Mrs. Little says.

"Look! The bananas are very nice and the apples are red," Mr. Little says.

"I think I can't eat now," Stuart says. "I cleaned my teeth in the morning. And if I eat, they..."

"You can clean your teeth after breakfast again," Mrs. Little says.

"We can clean our teeth every day and many times a day."

"Fine! Now I want to eat three apples and two bananas."

"Oh, yes! Here you are!"

"But he is not a good mouse. He didn't clean his teeth in the evening!" George the boy says.

"You didn't see it but I did!" Stuart says.

(7) True, false, I don't know?

	True	False	I don't know
1. The Littles live in a big house.	✓		
2. Stuart is not a boy, he is a mouse.			
3. Stuart can't eat this morning. He is ill today.			
4. Stuart didn't wash his hands in the morning.			
5. Stuart wants to have his teeth clean.			
6. Stuart washed his face in the evening.			
7. Stuart is afraid to eat with clean teeth.			

Vocabulary

8 **Choose the right word.**

1. Are you a family of _____?
   a) America
   b) Russian
   c) five

2. Who did you play with? — I played with my _____.
   a) dog
   b) grandfather
   c) ball

3. Did you go to the _____ yesterday?
   a) volleyball
   b) stadium
   c) grandmother

4. Tomatoes are _____.
   a) animals
   b) fruit
   c) leaves

5. Do bananas _____ in Russia?
   a) buy
   b) eat
   c) grow

6. Do you want a glass of _____?
   a) soup
   b) fruit
   c) juice

7. You can't make fruit salad without _____.

a) fruit
b) meat
c) salad

(9) Complete the dialogue with the words.

very hungry, I'd love to, some sweets, what's for dinner, don't like, I am sorry

— Good evening, dear! (1) _____ today?

— Well, we have fish soup.

— But I (2) _____ fish, you know.

— Oh, sorry. We also have fish and potatoes. They are very tasty.

— I don't like fish.

— Well, (3) _____. Then you can have a glass of orange juice. And then you can eat (4) _____ _____.

— Thank you very much, my dear. But I am (5) _____ _____.

— Would you like meat and spaghetti, salad and pudding?

— (6) _____.

(10) Spell the words.

Example: [fru:t] — fruit

1. ['ænıməl] — _____

2. [ˈkærət] — _____

3. [ˈvedʒɪtəbl] — _____

4. [ˈhʌŋgrɪ] — _____

5. [meɪk] — _____

6. [ˈθɜ:stɪ] — _____

7. [pəˈteɪtəʊ] — _____

Test 5

(Lessons 28–32)

Grammar

(1) Complete the sentences.

Example: You <u>looked</u> terrible yesterday! (look / looked)

1. Yesterday morning my father _____ a cake. (doesn't eat / didn't eat)
2. _____ you usually eat porridge in the morning? (Do / Did)
3. She _____ soup without meat last Sunday. (make / made)
4. Did you _____ this nice cake? (make / made)
5. The boys _____ on the school sports ground yesterday. (run / ran)

6. When _____ your parents come home yesterday night? (do / did)

7. I didn't _____ a box of sweets yesterday. (buy / bought)

(2) Put special questions to find out the missing information.

Example: I lived in ... — Where **did you live?**

1. You went to bed at ...

   What time did you _____?

2. I wanted to ... yesterday morning.

   What did you _____?

3. Yesterday I went to ...

   Where _____?

4. They had dinner at ... yesterday.

   What time _____?

5. She had ... for breakfast yesterday.

   What _____?

6. My mother and I went to the mountains in ...

   When _____?

7. Nancy watched TV in the ...

   When _____?

(3) Make the sentences positive.

Example: I didn't live in London a year ago. — **I lived in London a year ago.**

1. You didn't eat cakes yesterday. — _____

_____

2. They didn't know my name. — _____

_____

3. Yesterday the pupils didn't run at the school sports ground. — _____

_____

4. She didn't play chess with her parents yesterday. — _____

_____

5. Their cousins didn't swim yesterday evening. — _____

_____

6. You didn't look nice last Monday. — _____

_____

7. My father didn't make vegetable soup yesterday. — _____

_____

(4) Choose the right word.

1. My friend ate too _____ bananas yesterday.

a) a lot of
b) many
c) much

2. Do Russian people drink _____ tea?
   a) much
   b) many
   c) lot

3. How_____ sweets do you eat a day?
   a) much
   b) lots
   c) many

4. I have got _____ toys.
   a) lot
   b) a lot
   c) a lot of

5. How _____ salad does he eat at dinner?
   a) much
   b) a lot of
   c) many

6. Yesterday I ate _____ of ice cream.
   a) a lot
   b) many
   c) much

7. Can you eat so _____ tomatoes?
   a) much
   b) a lot of
   c) many

(5) Make the sentences negative.

Example: We drink a lot of tea every day. — **We don't drink much tea every day**.

1. There are a lot of toys under the bed. — _____

_____

2. She eats a lot of tomatoes. — _____

_____

3. You can eat a lot of ice cream. — _____

_____

4. He has got a lot of homework to do every day. — ____

_____

5 There are a lot of parks in London. — _____

_____

6 There is a lot of soup at home. — _____

_____

7 She has got a lot of time. — _____

_____

(6) Complete the sentences with *a lot of, much, many*.

Example: Do you drink **much** tea?

1. Are there _____ holidays in a year?
2. I like to read books. I've got_____ books.
3. Were there _____ different birds at the Zoo?

4. Please, hurry up! I haven't got _____ time.
5. There is _____ juice in the glass.
6. We saw _____ funny animals in the Zoo.
7. George knows _____ about flowers.

Reading

Don't Give Sweets to Bonny!

New word:
sign [saɪn] — плакат

Ann and Ben liked to watch Bonny, the monkey in the Zoo. She was very funny and the children gave her many sweets.

One day Bonny was ill.

Ann and Ben went to the doctor... "Can you help Bonny?"

"Open your mouth," said the doctor to Bonny. "Oh, I see. You mustn't eat sweets. They are not good for your teeth."

"We didn't know that," said Ann.

"Every day children give sweets to Bonny. What can we do?" said Ben.

"Make a sign 'Don't give sweets to Bonny!'" said the doctor.

Ann and Ben made a sign and put it on Bonny's cage.

Now children can see the sign and they don't give sweets to her. But Bonny is not happy. She runs and asks for sweets. She is little...

(7) Choose the right sentence.

1. a) Ann and Ben were monkeys.
   b) Ann and Ben were children.
   c) Ann and Ben didn't like monkeys.

2. a) Bonny was a little monkey.
   b) Bonny didn't like sweets.
   c) Bonny liked to give sweets to children.

3. a) One day Bonny was hungry.
   b) One day Bonny was ill.
   c) One day Bonny was thirsty.

4. a) The doctor couldn't help Bonny.
   b) The sweets were not good for Bonny.
   c) Bonny had nice white teeth.

5. a) The doctor didn't know that the sweets were not good for monkeys.
   b) Ann and Ben were happy that Bonny was ill.
   c) Ann and Ben didn't know that the sweets were not good for Bonny.

6. a) The doctor made a sign 'Don't give sweets to Bonny!'
   b) Ann and Ben didn't make a sign.
   c) Ann and Ben made a sign 'Don't give sweets to Bonny!'

7. a) Bonny is happy to eat no sweets.
   b) Bonny wants to eat sweets.
   c) Bonny doesn't want to eat sweets.

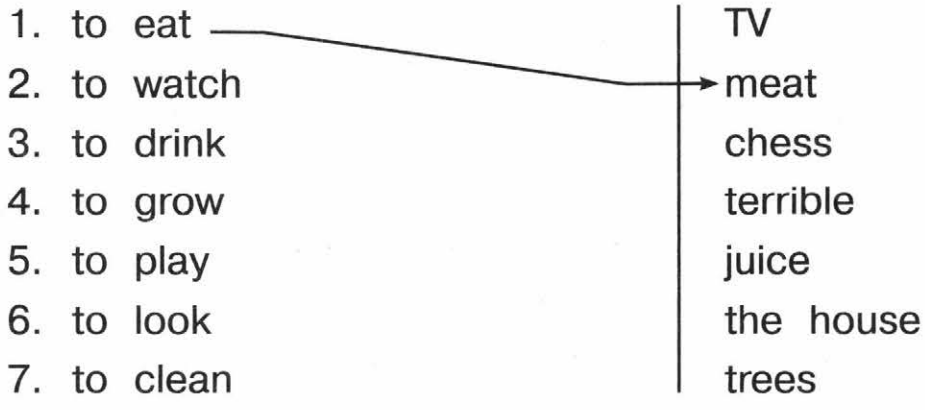
Vocabulary

8 Group the words.

tea, fish, orange, soup, juice, uncle, aunt, milk, mother, father, hockey, basketball, skate, ski, vegetable, daughter, water, coffee, swim, spaghetti

Sport	Food	Drinks	Family

9 Match the words.



(10) Translate into English.

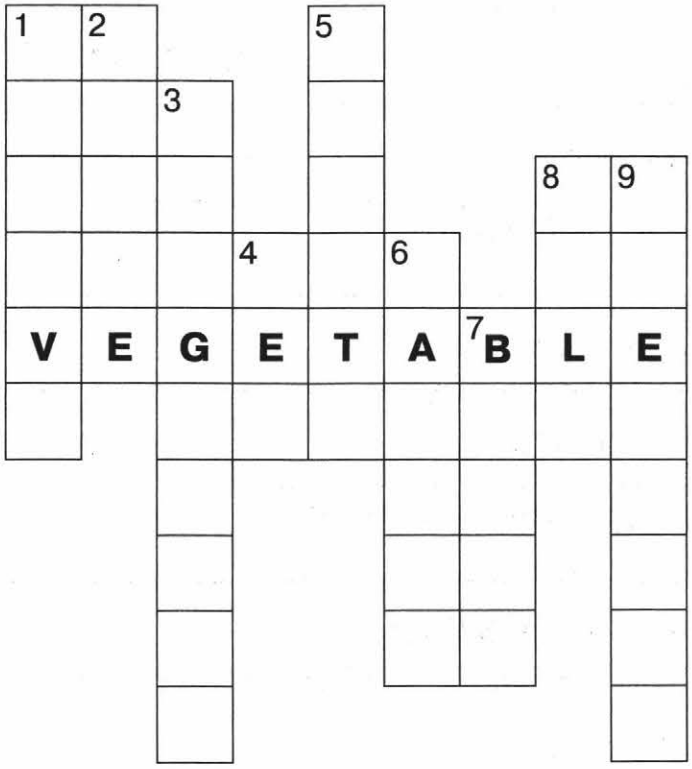
1. вкусный суп	tasty soup
2. зелёное яблоко	
3. сладкая каша	
4. апельсиновый сок	
5. холодное молоко	
6. горячий чай	
7. шоколадное мороженое	

(11) Spell the words.

Example: [grəʊ] — grow

1. ['kærət] — _____
2. ['vedʒɪtəbl] — _____
3. [baɪ] — _____
4. [fru:t] — _____
5. [pə'teɪtəʊ] — _____
6. [fɪʃ] — _____
7. [mʌtʃ] — _____

12 Do the crossword.



1. Двенадцать.
2. Яблоко.
3. Спагетти.
4. Чай.
5. Картошка.
6. Морковка.
7. Хлеб.
8. Молоко.
9. Мороженое.

Test 6

(Lessons 33–40)

Grammar

1 **Fill in the missing forms.**

иметь	have	had
посылать		
	write	
		grew
покупать		
	make	
приходить		
		took
	drink	
давать		
		ate

(2) Choose the right word.

Example: Did you read a book **yesterday**? (yesterday / every day)

1. What is she drinking _____, tea or coffee? (yesterday / now)
2. There was a cake on the table _____. (today / yesterday)
3. I _____ write letters to my friends at Christmas. (last year / usually)
4. Did you have eggs for breakfast _____? (always / yesterday)
5. There are nine candles in my birthday cake _____. (today / last Sunday)
6. I _____ visit my friends on Sundays. (sometimes / now)

(3) Make up sentences using the table.

There	is are was were	no many a lot of	meat hares bears bread tables sweets apples	in the soup. in Great Britain. on the apple-tree. at home. in the house. in Russia. in the box.

1. На яблоне не было яблок. — _____

_____

2. Дома нет хлеба. — _____

_____

3. В коробке много конфет. — _____

_____

4. В доме не было столов. — _____

_____

5. В супе не было мяса. — _____

_____

6. В России много зайцев. — _____

_____

7. В Великобритании было много медведей. — _____

_____

(4) Make up the sentences.

Example: there, a puppy, is, under the table? — **Is there a puppy under the table?**

1. are, there, many nice sweets, on the table? — _____

_____

2. is, there, a lot of milk, in my tea. — _____

_____

3. no, cats and dogs, there, are, at school. — _____

_____

4. there, is, a boy, in the tree? — _____

_____

5. weren't, last year, there, many wolves, in the forest. —

_____

6. there, in your hand, is, what? — _____

_____

7. there, any orange juice, is, in my glass? — _____

_____

(5) Complete the sentences with *is, are, was, were.*

Example: There **were** no pupils at school yesterday.

1. There _____ much chocolate at home. Can I have it?
2. There _____ three hungry puppies in the house. Give them milk, please!
3. There _____ a big cake on the table. Did you take it?
4. What _____ there in your school bag yesterday?
5. _____ there any baby crocodiles in the Zoo last year! — Yes, there were five.
6. Look! There _____ red apples on the apple-tree!
7. Is there much fish in the fish soup? — Yes, there _____ a lot!

6 Put the questions and give the short answers.

Example: There is a cup on the table.
Is there a cup on the table? — Yes, there is. / No, there isn't.

1. There are three sweets in the box.

   _____? —

   Yes, _____.

2. There was a lot of juice at home.

   _____? —

   No, _____.

3. There were ten people in the house.

   _____? —

   Yes, _____.

4. There is a banana in your bag.

   _____? —

   No, _____.

5. There was a present under the table.

   _____? —

   Yes, _____.

6. There are six cups on the table.

   _____? —

   No, _____.

7. There is a puppy in the box.

_____? —

Yes, _____.

(7) Match the questions with the answers.

1. Is there a Christmas tree in our room?	It is my new cap.
2. Where are my jeans?	It is on the table.
3. Was there a white elephant in Moscow Zoo?	No, there were not.
4. Were there any dogs in the house?	Yes, there is big one.
5. Where is my bag?	No, there wasn't any.
6. Are there any presents for me on the table?	Yes, there are a lot.
7. What is there on your head?	They are in the box.

Reading

Eeyore Has His Birthday and Gets Two Presents

New words:

donkey ['dɒŋkɪ] — ослик
pot [pɒt] — горшочек
honey ['hʌnɪ] — мёд

One day Pooh, the bear saw Eeyore, the grey donkey. "What's the matter with you?" said Pooh because Eeyore looked unhappy.

"It's my birthday. Can't you see? Look at all the presents. Look at the birthday cake with candles in it. Here are my friends."

"Presents?" said Pooh. "Birthday cake?" said Pooh. "Where?"

"Can't you see them?"

"No," said Pooh. "Oh! Well, happy birthday to you, Eeyore."

The next moment Pooh ran home. He wanted to give Eeyore a pot of honey as a present.

Near his house he saw his friend Piglet and told him about Eeyore.

"All right, I've got a balloon at home. It is a nice birthday present," said Piglet. "He can't be unhappy with a balloon."

And Piglet ran home.

(8) Answer the questions.

1. What was the donkey's name? — **His name was Eeyore.**
2. Was Eeyore happy on that day? — _____

_____

3. Was it Eeyore's birthday? — _____

_____

4. Was there a birthday cake with candles in it? — _____

_____

5. What present did Pooh want to give Eeyore? — _____

_____

6. Where did Pooh run? — _____

7. What present did Piglet want to give Eeyore? — _____

_____

Vocabulary

9 **Choose the right word.**

1. I'd like to get a puppy _____ a birthday present.
   a) as
   b) a
   c) how

2. On holidays children don't _____.
   a) have parties
   b) get presents
   c) go to school

3. I _____ a party last week.
   a) invited
   b) sent
   c) had

4. Could I speak to Betsy, please? — _____.
   a) Great!
   b) This is Betsy. Hello.
   c) The same to you.

5. Where is my Christmas present? — _____.
   a) There is a present on the table.
   b) Your present is on the table.
   c) My present is here.

6. How old is your sister now? — _____.
   a) She is not old. She is a little girl.
   b) She is five.
   c) She is very, very old.

7. We wish you a _____ Christmas and a _____ New Year.
   a) happy, merry
   b) funny, lovely
   c) merry, happy

(10) Read the sentences and choose the right one.

1. a) There are a lot of vitamins in fruit and vegetables.
   b) Russian people don't drink juice.
   c) English people don't eat the right food.

2. a) Elephants are the biggest two-legged animals.
   b) The elephant has got a very long nose — a tusk.
   c) The elephant can swim.

3. a) Some surnames are the names of jobs.
   b) Many Russian people have no names and surnames.
   c) A clock has no face.

4. a) A clock has 12 names on its face.
   b) A clock has two hands on its face.
   c) No clock has three hands.

5. a) People make ice cream from milk.
   b) It's seven o'clock in the morning. It is the supper-time.
   c) Little children must have sweets for breakfast, lunch, dinner and supper.

6. a) American children make New Year resolutions.
   b) Every year Russian people send a big Christmas tree as a present to the people of Great Britain.
   c) In America people don't celebrate New Year, they celebrate only Christmas.

7. a) Russian people like tea and ice cream.
   b) Russian people don't drink coffee.
   c) English people always have only one cup of tea in a day.

(11) Spell the words.

Example: ['vɪzɪt] — visit

1. ['letə] — _____
2. ['sʌmtaɪmz] — _____
3. [ɪn'vaɪt] — _____
4. [nju:] — _____
5. ['selɪbreɪt] — _____
6. [raɪt] — _____
7. [ʃɒp] — _____

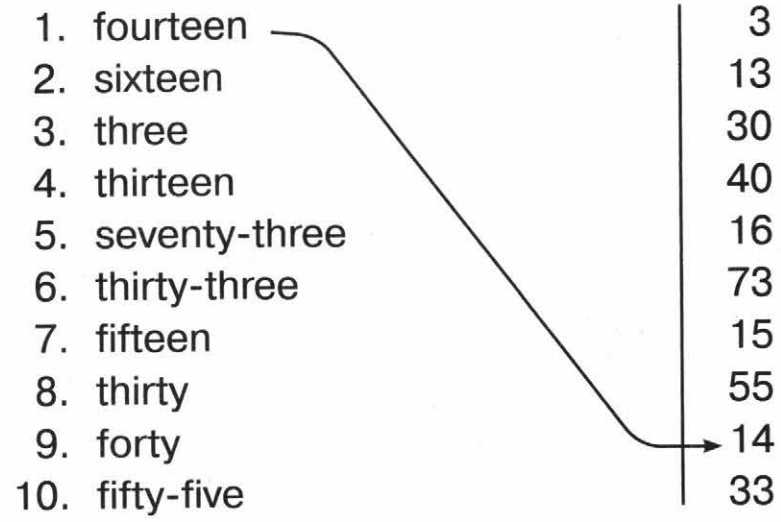
✓ Pets and Other Animals

Test 7

(Lessons 41–50)

Grammar

(1) Match the columns.



(2) Change the words into numbers.

Example: We have got (fifteen) **15** kittens.

1. My mother is (thirty) ____ and my father is (forty) ____.
2. Mary is (eighty-seven) ____ and her granddaughter is (thirty-eight) ____.
3. Are you (ten) ____ or (eleven) ____?

4. It is the (first) ____ of April.
5. They went to Moscow on (the twentieth) ____ of May, (nineteen ninety-eight) _____.
6. I came to London in (nineteen eighty-seven) _____.
7. His telephone number is (three — eight — one — two — seven — one — six — one) _____.

(3) Complete the sentences with *must* or *mustn't.*

Example: My puppy isn't clean after his walk in the park. I **must** wash it now!

1. I can't speak English. I _____ read and write and speak English every day.
2. It is very cold today, but I _____ take my dog out.
3. You _____ do it! That's a bad girl!
4. It's very late. You _____ go out!
5. It is 10 o'clock at night. You _____ go to bed.
6. You _____ give sweets to my puppy. Sweets are not good for animals.
7. I'm sorry, I _____ go. It's too late.

(4) Make the sentences negative and translate them into Russian.

Example: You must do it! — **You mustn't do it! Не смей этого делать!**

1. You must go to bed now. — _____

_____

2. You must read this book. — _____

_____

3. I must go. — _____

_____

4. He must speak English at school. — _____

_____

5. You must play computer games. — _____

_____

6. We must go out for a walk. — _____

_____

7. She must do her homework. — _____

_____

(5) Translate the sentences into English.

Example: Я должен идти в школу сейчас. (go to school now) — **I must go to school now.**

1. Я должна есть этот суп? (eat this soup) _____

_____

2. Не смей брать мою сумку! (take my bag) _____

_____

3. Ты должна вымыть руки. (wash your hands) _____

_____

4. Мне нельзя гулять в 10 часов. (go for a walk at 10)

_____

5. Нельзя здесь петь! (sing here) _____

_____

6. Вы должны прочитать эту книгу. (read this book) _____

_____

7. Нам нельзя есть апельсины. (eat oranges) _____

_____

6 Choose the right word.

1. Oh, what _____ little girl!
   a) clever
   b) a clever
   c) an clever

2. _____ you take your pet for a walk yesterday?
   a) Did
   b) Do
   c) Can

3. Why _____ giving a sweet to my puppy?
   a) you are
   b) are you
   c) do you

4. Are there many _____ in London Zoo?
   a) wolf
   b) wolves
   c) wolfs

5. I have got _____ English books! I love to read them!
   a) a three hundred
   b) three hundred
   c) three hundreds

6. I have got a puppy. I love my pet and _____ him to do tricks.
   a) taught
   b) teaches
   c) teach

7. Look _____ her! She wants to tell us a funny story!
   a) after
   b) at
   c) on

(7) Complete the negative sentences with the words.

am not, don't, hasn't, isn't, didn't, doesn't, aren't

1. My mother _____ cooking soup now.
2. I _____ hungry and thirsty now.
3. He _____ want to help me yesterday.
4. He _____ like bananas.
5. My friends _____ playing hockey now.
6. I _____ often play computer games.
7. Tom _____ got a pet.

Reading

Kanga and Baby Roo

New word:

pouch [paʊtʃ] — сумка (*у кенгуру*)

Once Kanga and Baby Roo came to live in the forest.

"We don't want them!" said Pooh and Piglet.

"I have a plan," said Rabbit. "We take Baby Roo away from Kanga. When Kanga is afraid, she always goes away."

"Great!" said Pooh and Piglet.

It was a nice afternoon. Baby Roo was playing and Kanga watched him.

"Hello," said the three friends to Kanga. But she didn't look at them, she watched Roo.

"Well," said Pooh. "I know a little poem. You must listen."

But Kanga didn't listen, she watched Roo.

"What a strange tree!" said Pooh.

Kanga watched Roo.

"You must look at that tree," said Pooh.

"I can see a bird in it," said Piglet. "Or is it a fish?"

Then Kanga looked at the tree. And at that moment Piglet jumped into Kanga's pouch, and Rabbit took Roo and ran away.

8 **Choose the right sentence.**

1. a) Kanga had a son.
   b) Baby Roo was Pooh's brother.
   c) Pooh and his friends liked Kanga very much.

2. a) Pooh had a plan to take Baby Roo away from Kanga.
   b) Kanga was afraid of Rabbit.
   c) Pooh and his friends liked Rabbit's plan.

3. a) Baby Roo played with Pooh.
   b) Kanga always watched her son.
   c) Baby Roo didn't play.

4. a) Kanga liked poems very much.
   b) When Pooh began a poem, Kanga stopped watching her son.
   c) Kanga didn't listen to Pooh's poem.

5. a) Piglet saw a fish in the tree.
   b) There was no fish and no bird in the tree.
   c) Kanga didn't look at the tree, she watched her son.

6. a) Piglet knew a poem.
   b) Pooh always watched his son.
   c) The tree wasn't strange.

7. a) Pooh jumped into Rabbit's pouch.
   b) Piglet jumped into Kanga's pouch.
   c) Baby Roo jumped away from his mother.

Vocabulary

9 **Complete the sentences with the words.**

tails, eyes, clever, right,
teaches, pet, take, left

1. I've got a _____. It is a cat.
2. Do you _____ your pet for a walk?
3. Nick _____ his pet to answer to his name.
4. Hares have got very short _____.
5. I have got two hands: a _____ hand and a _____ hand.
6. People can see with their _____.
7. My granny's dog is very _____.

(10) Choose the right word.

1. My friend has got _____. It is a funny little puppy.
   a) a cat
   b) a pet
   c) a tail

2. When I was a little girl, my brother Bob _____ me to read English.
   a) taught
   b) took
   c) looked after

3. Let's go to Mary's party! — With great pleasure. _____
   a) That's a good idea!
   b) I'm OK.
   c) What a pity!

4. When my mother is at work, my father looks _____ me.
   a) at

b) after
c) of

5. How _____ is two and eight?
   a) many
   b) a lot
   c) much

6. _____, Mary, let's go to the Zoo!
   a) Say
   b) I say
   c) I speak

7. Zookeeper is a man or a woman who _____.
   a) likes to go to the Zoo
   b) watches animals in the Zoo.
   c) looks after the animals in the Zoo.

(11) Spell the words.

Example: [mʌst] — must

1. [left] — _____
2. [raɪt] — _____
3. [leg] — _____
4. [hed] — _____
5. [nəʊz] — _____
6. [teɪl] — _____
7. [nek] — _____

Test 8

(Lessons 51–58)

Grammar

(1) Make the sentences negative.

Example: We came home at 6. — **We didn't come** home at 6.

1. There are nine apples on the table. — _____ _____ nine apples on the table.
2. Our house is new. — _____ new.
3. Those boys looked after my pet. — _____ _____ after my pet.
4. My friend could sing very well. — _____ sing very well.
5. My sister rides a bike very quickly. — _____ _____ a bike very quickly.
6. We watched monkeys yesterday. — _____ monkeys yesterday.
7. She hunted different animals. — _____ different animals.

(2) Complete the sentences with the right prepositions.

about, for (2), on, in, to (2)

1. He came home _____ the evening.
2. Would you like to go _____ the Zoo?
3. Do you always help your mother _____ the house?
4. It is 10 o'clock and I am going _____ bed.
5. Did you take your dog _____ a walk yesterday?
6. My mother usually comes to work _____ time.
7. You mustn't be late _____ school.

(3) Put questions to the sentences.

Example: They walked in the park.
Did they walk in the park? — Yes, they did.
Where **did they walk?**

1. My parrot ate a carrot.

_____? — Yes, it did.

What _____?

2. She loves her pet.

_____? — Yes, she does.

What _____?

3. His dog is swimming in the lake.

_____? — Yes, it is.

Where _____?

(4) Complete the table with the right words.

long	longer	the longest
		the hungriest
	smaller	
large		
funny		
	cleverer	
		the nicest
	bigger	
short		
		the youngest

(5) Complete the sentences.

Example: I have a baby-sister. I am **<u>older</u>** than she is. (the oldest / older)

1. The horse's neck isn't the _____. (longest / long)
2. The mouse is _____ than the cat. (smaller / smallest)
3. It is a very _____ English book. (funniest / funny)
4. He is a _____ boy. (nicest / nice)

5. The tiger has got _____ teeth. (sharper / sharp)
6. The dog is a _____ pet! (cleverer / clever)
7. I think that the elephant is the _____ animal. (biggest / bigger)

Reading

A Nice Tea-Party

New words:
pie [paɪ] — пирожок
oven ['ʌvn] — духовка
smell [smel] — запах

Once Ribby, the cat invited Abby, the dog to her party.

"Ribby likes mouse pies but I don't! I must take my meat pie to the party and eat it there. But how?"

Abby made a meat pie but she didn't put it into the oven.

"Well, now Ribby is not at home. I'm going to put my meat pie into her oven. In the evening I can eat it."

Abby went to Ribby. Abby came in and put her meat pie into the oven. But she didn't see that her friend had two ovens, not one!

"Why can't I see Ribby's pie? Where is it?" Abby thought but she ran away.

In the evening Abby came to Ribby.

"What a tasty smell of pies!" said Abby, the dog.

"Yes, I love mouse pies!" said Ribby.

"Oh, I like them too. Let's have tea," said Abby.

They sat at the table and Ribby took the pie out of the oven. Abby took it and ate it all in no time.

"My new oven!" said Ribby. "Yesterday I made mouse pies in it for the first time. Were they nice, Abby?"

But Abby couldn't speak. She was not OK.

6 True, false, I don't know?

	True	False	I don't know
1. One day a cat invited her friend to the party.	✓		
2. Abby liked mouse pies and she often made them.			
3. The dog made a mouse pie and put it into the oven.			
4. The dog brought some red flowers to her friend.			
5. The friends had tea with milk.			
6. Abby ate the mouse pie at the party.			
7. Abby was ill after the party.			

Vocabulary

(7) Cross the odd one out.

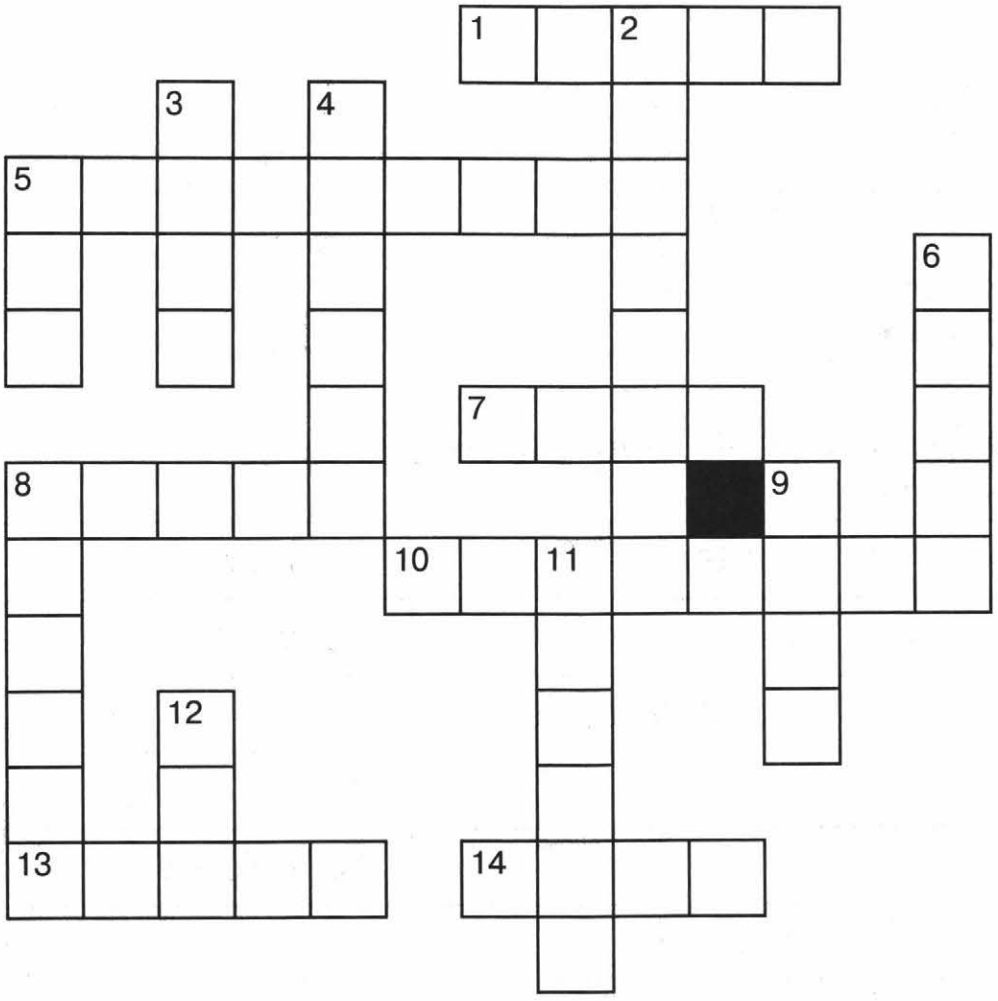
1. foot, body, arm, pig, finger
2. horse, cow, sheep, wolf, goat
3. giraffe, horse, tiger, lion, crocodile
4. hen, chicken, duck, parrot, dog
5. eye, nose, toe, ear, mouth
6. short, parrot, funny, new, tasty
7. talk, walk, run, wild, speak

(8) Spell the words.

Example: [waɪld] — wild

1. [də'mestɪk] — _____
2. ['bju:tɪfʊl] — _____
3. ['ʃəʊldə] — _____
4. [təʊ] — _____
5. [fʊt] — _____
6. ['fɪŋgə] — _____
7. [ɑ:m] — _____

9 Do the 'animal' crossword.



Across:

1. Овца.
5. Крокодил.
7. Медведь.
8. Щенок.
10. Черепаха.
13. Тигр.
14. Рыба.

Down:

2. Слон.
3. Коза.
4. Обезьяна.
5. Корова.
6. Лошадь.
8. Попугай.
9. Лев.
11. Кролик.
12. Свинья.

✓ Clothing

Test 9

(Lessons 59–69)

Grammar

(1) Complete the table with the right words.

good	better	the best
		the worst
	more interesting	
beautiful		
		the coldest
	warmer	
small		
		the strongest
happy		
	older	

(2) Complete the sentences as you like.

Example: My eyes are **more beautiful / bigger / smaller** than your eyes.

1. You are the _____ in our family!
2. You are _____ than me.
3. Mary is a _____ girl. I like her.
4. Your cake is the _____!
5. My teacher is _____ than your teacher.
6. The crocodile had _____ teeth.
7. She is _____ than you are. She always helps me.

(3) Complete the sentences with the right word.

Example: Mrs. Brown is **taller** than Mrs. Black. (tall)

1. I think English is _____ than French. (easy)
2. Mary is _____ than Jane. (nice)
3. Tokyo is the _____ city in the world. (big)
4. He was the _____ doctor in London. (good)
5. John is a _____ swimmer than me. (bad)
6. This is the _____ story I know. (funny)
7. The giraffe is the _____ animal in the world. (tall)

(4) Answer the questions.

Example: Are you older than your sister? — **No, I am younger than my sister.**

1. Is it the worst day today? — _____

_____

2. What is the most interesting game? — _____

_____

3. What animal is the biggest? — _____

_____

4. Are you the best student in your class? — _____

_____

5. Are you a better eater than your friend? — _____

_____

6. What is the sweetest fruit you know? — _____

_____

7. Is ice cream tastier than chocolate? — _____

_____

(5) Make up the sentences.

Example: what, you, will, drink, tomorrow? — **What will you drink tomorrow?**

1. her friend, will, go to the swimming pool, next month? —

_____

2. he, not, will, have, potatoes, for lunch, tomorrow evening. —

_____

3. my uncle, where, next winter, go, will? — _____

_____

4. next week, Meg, shopping, go, will, with her friend. —

_____

5. what, you, will, give your mother, next year, as a birthday present? — _____

_____

6. he, in the evening, will do, tomorrow afternoon, his homework. — _____

_____

7. I, next summer, will go to the sea, with my family. —

_____

(6) Complete the sentences.

Example: You **will look** fantastic tomorrow! (look / will look)

1. _____ you eat much ice cream yesterday? (Will / Did)
2. Yesterday morning my sister _____ pizza. (won't eat / didn't eat)
3. _____ she eat porridge tomorrow morning? (Do / Will)
4. She _____ make fish soup next week. (didn't / won't)
5. The boys _____ do their homework yesterday. (didn't / won't)

6. The girls _____ a party next month. (will have / had)

7. I _____ a box of sweets yesterday. (will buy / bought)

(7) Put questions to the sentences.

Example: They lived in London.
Did they live in London? — Yes, they did.
Where **did they live?**

1. You will go to the park tomorrow.

_____? — Yes, I will.

Where _____?

2. She makes cakes every Sunday.

_____? — Yes, she does.

What cakes _____?

3. They will have breakfast at seven o'clock.

_____? — Yes, they will.

What time _____?

4. He put on his favourite coat yesterday.

Did _____? — Yes, he did.

What _____?

Reading

Miss Lark's Andrew

Andrew was a nice small dog. He lived like a prince. He slept in his bed; he had chocolate every day. Miss Lark loved him! But he didn't like his life. He wanted to be a usual dog.

Andrew had a friend. It was a terrible street dog.

One day Miss Lark couldn't see Andrew.

"Andrew! Where are you?"

Then she saw her pet. Andrew was coming to her and near him a terrible dog was walking.

"Oh, you are OK!" said Miss Lark. "But that terrible dog! Go away!"

But the dog didn't go.

"Go away!" said Miss Lark. "And you, Andrew, come in the house!"

Andrew did not.

"You are not coming? Only with your friend? That can't be."

Andrew barked and turned away.

"What are you saying? Your friend must sleep in bed too? Andrew, how can you?"

Andrew got up. So did the other dog.

"Very well, Andrew. He can sleep in bed. A terrible dog!"

Andrew barked to his friend, "Come in!"

8 Agree or disagree.

	I agree	I disagree
1. Andrew was a nice small dog.	✓	
2. Andrew didn't eat chocolate.		
3. Miss Lark didn't like Andrew.		
4. Andrew had a friend — a usual street dog.		
5. Miss Lark didn't like Andrew's friend.		
6. Andrew and his friend wanted to live in the house.		
7. Miss Lark was happy to have the two dogs in her house.		

Vocabulary

9 Group the words.

tortoise, fruit, lunch, meal, tiger, parrot, shorts, ice cream, fish, elephant, porridge, juice, sweater, blouse, shirt, jacket, shoes, hamster, coat, vegetable, cat

Clothes	Animals	Food
shorts	tiger	meal

Clothes	Animals	Food

(10) Choose the right word.

1. When it's _____, people don't wear warm clothes.
   a) cold
   b) hot
   c) funny

2. It is a very _____ film. I don't like it.
   a) bad
   b) interesting
   c) right

3. The bananas were so _____ that the children couldn't eat them.
   a) tasty
   b) bad
   c) interesting

4. You must always _____ the right thing in the right place.

a) wear
b) take
c) keep

5. There are many _____ shops in Moscow.
   a) clever
   b) long
   c) big

6. My granny likes to _____ a nice green hat on her head in summer.
   a) wear
   b) keep
   c) have

7. How much are these _____?
   a) shoulders
   b) ears
   c) shoes

(11) Spell the words.

Example: [wɔ:m] — warm

1. [ʃɜ:t] — _____
2. [skɜ:t] — _____
3. ['swetə] — _____
4. ['traʊzɪz] — _____
5. [ʤi:nz] — _____
6. ['ʤækɪt] — _____
7. [blaʊz] — _____

Test 10

(Lessons 69–75)

Grammar

(1) Complete the sentences.

Example: Where **will** you celebrate next Christmas? (will / did)

1. I _____ take this dress back to the shop. (do / shall)
2. We _____ watch TV late yesterday night. (won't / didn't)
3. Where _____ you usually go on holidays? (do / will)
4. My little sister _____ like chocolate. She never eats it. (doesn't / won't)
5. Tomorrow I _____ do my homework. (shall not / didn't)
6. Last year his uncle _____ to Africa. (will go / went)
7. Every day I _____ my dog to dance. (teach / shall teach)

(2) Match the questions with the answers.

1. Will Max come to us?	Yes, she will.
2. Will your mother buy you new shoes?	No, he won't. He'll be very busy.

3. What will he have for breakfast?	I'll go to school.
4. What will your kitten drink?	No, they won't.
5. Where will you go tomorrow morning?	I'll roller-skate in the park.
6. Will your friends send you a letter?	It will drink milk.
7. Where will you roller-skate next month?	He will have eggs and tea.

(3) Answer the questions.

Example: Where will you go tomorrow morning? — **I shall go to the park.**

1. What will your mother give you for Christmas? — _____

_____

2. Will you take your dog out for a walk? — _____

_____

3. Where will your friend have breakfast tomorrow? — _____

_____

4. What games will you play with your friend tomorrow? —

_____

5. When will you do your homework? — _____

_____

6. Will you have a birthday party next year? — _____

_____

7. Will you come to see your granny next month? — _____

_____

4 Translate the sentences into English. Use the Future Simple Tense.

Example: Что ты будешь читать завтра? — **What will you read tomorrow?**

1. Мой папа купит новые джинсы в следующем месяце. —

_____

2. Мой кот не будет есть эту рыбу. — _____

_____

3. Каких птиц ты увидишь в лесу? — _____

_____

4. Я не надену завтра это пальто. — _____

_____

5. Где ты завтра будешь играть в футбол? — _____

_____

6. Что ты будешь делать завтра? — _____

_____

7. Завтра мы проснёмся в 6 часов. — _____

_____

5 Complete the sentences.

Example: She spoke **slowly** to her baby. (slow / slowly)

1. This cake tastes _____. (nice / nicely)
2. He draws very _____. (good / well)
3. Can you drive _____? (slow / slowly)
4. You look _____. What's the matter with you? (terrible / terribly)
5. Dick smiled _____. (sad / sadly)
6. He is a _____ man. (nice / nicely)
7. She speaks English _____. (good / well)

6 Choose the right words.

1. I shan't go to the swimming pool with you. I'll be very busy _____.
   a) yesterday
   b) next weekend
   c) every new year's eve

2. Mary is a good runner, she can run very _____.
   a) good
   b) nice
   c) well

3. _____ like to go to the fancy-parties?
   a) Do you
   b) Does you
   c) Do Misha

4. Last Sunday my father _____ at home. He went to Africa.
   a) didn't
   b) wasn't
   c) didn't be

5. Will you invite Mary to your birthday party? — _____
   a) Yes, I shan't.
   b) No, I shan't.
   c) Yes, I am.

6. Put this beautiful dress _____. It suits you very well.
   a) of
   b) off
   c) on

7. Tomorrow it will be very warm. I'll _____ on shorts and a T-shirt.
   a) take
   b) put
   c) buy

Reading

Jeremy, the Frog

New word:
spit out (spat out) — выплюнуть

One day Jeremy, the frog thought: "I'll go fishing! Then I'll invite my friends. They will give me something tasty too..."

In the morning Jeremy put on a raincoat, galoshes and went fishing. He came to a big tree near the water and sat under it. Many fishes were swimming happily and Jeremy was fishing for a long time. But he had no fish in his basket.

"I am very hungry," said Jeremy and ate a butterfly sandwich for lunch. Then he took a baby-frog from the water. In a moment it jumped back again. Little fishes put their heads out and smiled at him.

Suddenly a big fish came up out of the water. It opened its mouth and ate Jeremy up! But the fish didn't like to eat raincoats. So in a moment it spat Jeremy out. But it didn't spit his galoshes. It liked them!

"Now I haven't got my galoshes. I shall never go fishing again!" Jeremy thought.

When he came home, he saw his friends. Jeremy had no fish, so they had grasshopper salad for dinner!

(7) Put the sentences in the right order.

__1__ Jeremy put on his raincoat, galoshes and went fishing.

____ He came home, and had grasshopper salad for dinner.

____ Jeremy got very hungry and ate a butterfly sandwich.

____ A big fish ate Jeremy up and then spat him out.

____ Jeremy took a baby-frog from the water but in a moment it jumped back.

Vocabulary

(8) Match the words.

to live in	juice
to work	London
to come	soup
to wear	home from work
to drink	'Goodnight'
to eat	trousers
to say	at school
to run	quickly

(9) Complete the sentences with the words.

T-shirt, quickly, put on, cold,
suits, shoes, skirts

1. Mary, do you like to wear long or short _____?
2. I usually wear a _____ when it is warm.
3. In the morning I get up at seven o'clock, do my morning exercises, _____ my clothes and go to school.
4. What do you wear when it is _____?
5. You look great in this fancy dress. It _____ you very well.
6. John is a very good runner. He runs very _____.
7. I usually wear _____ on my feet.

(10) Cross the odd one out.

Example: run, jump, ~~sport~~, swim, skip

1. hand, finger, toe, arm, tail
2. play, come, live, like, skip
3. morning, evening, night, Monday, afternoon
4. breakfast, apple, lunch, supper, dinner
5. shirt, skirt, blouse, jacket, wear
6. wild, animal, domestic, interesting, cold
7. put on, celebrate, take off, look after, come from

(11) Write a more general word.

Example: arm, leg, finger, head, toe — **parts of the body**

1. bread, cheese, pizza, soup, meat — _____
2. blouse, jacket, skirt, coat — _____
3. water, juice, milk, tea, coffee — _____
4. blue, green, white, red, black — _____
5. dog, cat, hamster, parrot, fish — _____
6. giraffe, elephant, tiger, crocodile — _____

(12) Spell the words.

Example: [sləʊ] — slow

1. [kwɪk] — _____
2. [taɪts] — _____
3. [wɔ:k] — _____
4. [wɒtʃ] — _____
5. [ˈəʊvəkəʊt] — _____
6. [ˈselɪbreɪt] — _____
7. [ˌwi:kˈend] — _____

✓ Seasons. The English Year

Test 11

(Lessons 76–88)

Grammar

(1) Choose the right word.

Example: I opened the door **slowly**. (slow / slowly)

1. Why are you _____ with me? (angry / angrily)
2. Can you say it _____? (quietly / quiet)
3. The party was very _____. (good / well)
4. Why did she go home so _____? (sudden / suddenly)
5. My brother is ill, he isn't _____ now. (good / well)
6. Don't drink your tea so _____. (quick / quickly)
7. Those bananas look _____. (nice / nicely)

(2) Complete the dialogue with *some, any, how much, how many.*

A: I am going to the shop. Have we got **any** milk?
B: Yes, we have got (1) _____.

A: (2) _____ milk have we got?

B: One litre, I think.

A: Look, we haven't got (3) _____ sweets and there aren't (4) _____ biscuits. Shall I buy (5) _____?

B: OK.

A: What about vegetables? Are there (6) _____ carrots?

B: Yes, there are (7) _____.

A: What about apples? Are there (8) _____ apples at home?

B: Sorry, but we haven't got (9) _____. If you want apples, you can buy (10) _____.

A: (11) _____ apples can I buy?

B: Buy as many as you like.

(3) Complete the sentences with *something, anything.*

Example: There is **something** interesting in the book.

1. Is there _____ on the table?
2. Give me _____ to eat. I'm very hungry.
3. We didn't have _____ for dinner yesterday.
4. Can you see _____ in my hand?
5. Tell me _____ about him.
6. Can you hear _____?
7. I don't know _____, but he knows _____ interesting for us.

(4) Make the sentences negative.

Example: They did something yesterday. — **They didn't do anything yesterday. / They did nothing yesterday.**

1. Mary has got something in her bag. — _____

_____

2. She is reading something. — _____

_____

3. Somebody lives in this house. — _____

_____

4. You have got some Russian books. — _____

_____

5. Last week she gave me some money. — _____

_____

6. Yesterday you bought something for her. — _____

_____

7. There are some apple-trees in our garden. — _____

_____

(5) Translate the sentences into English.

Example: В стакане есть молоко? – **Is there any milk in the glass?**

1. В зоопарке есть несколько белых тигров. — _____

_____

2. Есть ли в твоей сумке хоть какие-нибудь книги? — _____

3. Ты мне хочешь что-то сказать? — _____

4. Дома кто-нибудь есть? — _____

5. Не говори ей ничего! — _____

6. Там кто-то есть. — _____

7. В этом магазине есть книги на английском языке. — _____

(6) Correct the mistakes in the sentences.

Example: There are some water in my cup. — **There is some water in my cup.**

1. There isn't some apples on the table. — _____

2. There isn't no juice at home. — _____

3. There aren't not books in my bag. — _____

4. I didn't want to say nothing to you. — _____

5. Have you got something to eat? — _____

_____

6. She took anything from the table. — _____

_____

7. Is there something in your box? — _____

_____

(7) Choose the right word.

1. The boy _____ his friends to help him.
   a) didn't asked
   b) ask
   c) doesn't ask

2. A tree is known _____ its fruit.
   a) with
   b) without
   c) by

3. _____ 31 days in December.
   a) They are
   b) There are
   c) It has got

4. There _____ somebody at the stadium.
   a) was
   b) were
   c) are

5. You can _____ a banana to my monkey.
   a) gave

b) gives
c) give

6. It is usually hot in _____.
   a) june
   b) June
   c) new year

7. There is nobody in the _____.
   a) home
   b) house
   c) morning

Reading

The Man and the Monkeys

New word:
throw [θrəʊ] (threw [θru:]) — бросать

Once there lived a man who made very nice caps. One day he made fifteen red caps for his cousins. In the morning he took the caps and went to see his cousins. It was a long way and soon he got very tired. He sat under a big tree, put on a red cap and went to sleep.

When he opened his eyes, he couldn't see his caps. Suddenly he looked up and saw little brown monkeys in the tree. Every monkey had a nice red cap on.

"They are having a fancy-dress party! And I haven't got anything to give to my cousins!"

"Give me back my caps!" he said to the monkeys again and again but they didn't.

Then he got very angry, took his cap off and threw it on the ground.

"You want my caps! Then, take this one too!"

Do you know what the monkeys did? They took their caps off and threw them on the ground too. They were monkeys and, you know, monkeys like to do what you do in front of their eyes.

The man was happy to get his caps back.

(8) Choose the right word.

1. Once there lived a man who made _____ caps.
   a) warm
   b) very nice
   c) summer

2. In the morning the man took the caps and went to see his _____.
   a) sisters
   b) cousins
   c) friends

3. The man sat under a big tree, put on a red cap and _____.
   a) went to sleep
   b) had breakfast
   c) watched monkeys

4. Suddenly he looked up and saw _____ in the tree.
   a) big brown monkeys
   b) red caps

c) little brown monkeys

5. The man was _____ when he saw that every monkey had a cap on.
   a) happy
   b) sad
   c) angry

6. Then the man took his cap off and threw it _____.
   a) up
   b) on the ground
   c) away

7. The monkeys threw the caps down because they were _____.
   a) afraid of the man
   b) angry
   c) monkeys

Vocabulary

9 **Write all the months that come**

after July

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____

before August

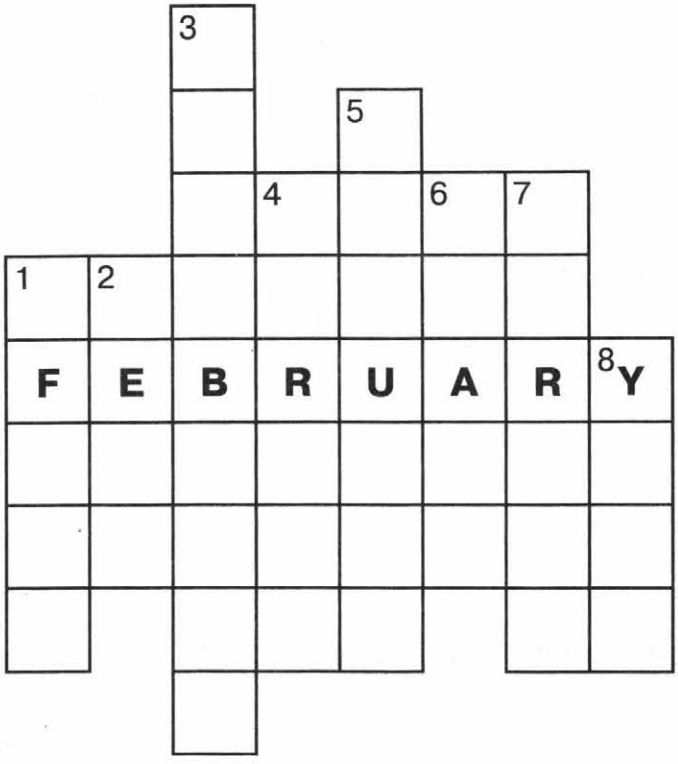
1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____

(10) Complete the dialogue with the sentences.

I am happy to hear that.
This is Ann.
The weather is wonderful.
What are you doing in Italy?

Ann: Hello, Bob. (1) _____. I am calling from Italy.
Bob: From Italy? (2) _____?
Ann: I am on holidays.
Bob: Are you having a good time?
Ann: Oh, yes. I am having a good time here. (3) _____ _____. The sea is very warm and the people are very friendly here.
Bob: (4) _____.

(11) Do the crossword.



1. Summer comes _____ spring.
2. Autumn is here. Look at this red _____ on the ground.
3. People _____ Christmas in winter.
4. Many birds live in this big green _____.
5. _____ is the first month of the year.
6. In spring the _____ is green.
7. March, April and May are the _____ months.
8. There are four seasons in the _____.

(12) Spell the words.

Example: [mʌnθ] — **month**

1. [wɔːm] — _____
2. [ˈeɪprɪl] — _____
3. [ʤuːn] — _____
4. [grɑːs] — _____
5. [ˈɔːtəm] — _____
6. [liːf] — _____
7. [ʤuːˈlaɪ] — _____

✓ Nature

Test 12

(Lessons 89–99)

Grammar

(1) Refer the sentences to the past.

Example: My grandmother knows your name. — **My grandmother knew your name.**

1. My little brother doesn't look nice. — _____

_____

2. We don't invite Mary and Bob for our parties. — _____

_____

3. I don't eat cakes every day. — _____

_____

4. My father thanks my mother for nice meals. — _____

_____

5. My little sister likes to go to the forest. — _____

_____

6. He doesn't play chess with his parents. — _____

_____

7. We go shopping every day. — _____

_____

(2) Write questions for more information.

She bought it.

1. Who _____?
2. What _____?
3. When _____?
4. Where _____?
5. Why _____?

(3) Correct the mistakes in the sentences.

Example: Where does you go to swim? — **Where do you go to swim?**

1. We don't watching TV at school every day. — _____

_____

2. What you read yesterday evening? — _____

_____

3. He willn't celebrate next Christmas. — _____

_____

4. Where is you from? — _____

_____

5. What you doing now? — _____

6. What you will read tomorrow evening? — _____

_____

7. Ann will cooking fish soup next Sunday. — _____

_____

4 Match the questions with the answers.

1. Is your father a good eater?	My cousin will.
2. Have you got a computer?	Yes, he is.
3. Are they singing or crying?	She does.
4. Who wants to be a teacher?	Yes, you must.
5. Must I do it now?	No, I haven't.
6. What colour is your dog?	They are singing.
7. Who will come to you?	It is black and red and white.

5 Choose the right word.

1. There _____ in the kitchen.
   a) is nobody
   b) are somebody
   c) isn't nobody

2. Winter is _____ season.
   a) cold
   b) coldest
   c) a cold

3. Are there _____ toys in your box?
   a) any

b) no
c) some

4. It doesn't often _____ in London.
   a) snow
   b) shall snow
   c) is snow

5. I think all the seasons _____ beautiful!
   a) is
   b) are
   c) will

6. _____ you like autumn?
   a) Are
   b) Do
   c) Is

7. There was _____ in the class. I saw him. It was Tom.
   a) something
   b) nobody
   c) somebody

Reading

The Beautiful Flowers

New words:
dandelion ['dændəlaɪən] — одуванчик
root [ru:t] — корень
useful ['ju:sfʊl] — полезный

One spring morning a girl saw a beautiful apple-branch with pink and white flowers. She broke it off and took home.

So the apple-branch stood in the vase before the open window and could see a lot of yellow flowers.

"Poor flowers," he thought. "They are so ugly, and they have such an ugly name — 'dandelions'. Nobody likes them and people walk on them."

But the Sun kissed the apple-branch and the yellow dandelions because they all were brothers.

One day the apple-branch saw children. The youngest got tired very soon. He sat down on the grass. He played with yellow flowers. He was happy.

"Can you see?" said the Sun. "They make children happy."

The next day an old woman came into the field for the dandelion roots. She wanted some roots to make tea with them.

"Can you see?" said the Sun. "They are useful."

That moment the girl came into the room. In her hands she had a yellow dandelion.

"How wonderful it is! I shall make a picture of it. Everybody can see its beauty!"

(6) Answer the questions.

1. What colour were the flowers on the apple-branch? — **They were pink and white.**
2. Who broke the apple-branch off? — _____

_____

3. What season was it? — _____

_____

4. Did the apple-branch think that the dandelions were beautiful or ugly? — _____

_____

5. Did the Sun think that the dandelions were beautiful? —

_____

6. What did the girl have in her hand when she came into the room? — _____

_____

7. What did the girl want to do with the yellow flower? —

_____

Vocabulary

7 **Make the sentences complete.**

mountain, season, night, winter,
river, leaves, oceans

1. In summer the days are longer than in _____.
2. In autumn the _____ fall down from the trees.
3. Winter is the coldest _____ of the year.
4. On what _____ does Moscow stand?
5. There are four _____ on the Earth.
6. Everest is the highest _____ in the world.
7. At _____ we can see the Moon in the sky.

(8) Cross the odd one out.

Example: Polly, Mary, ~~Jack~~, Kitty — girls' names

1. pudding, roast turkey, pizza, green vegetables — food the English eat for Christmas
2. birthday party, Halloween, Christmas, New Year — English holidays
3. Rex, Granny, Snowy, Blackie — pet names
4. tea with milk, tea with lemon, porridge, pudding, potatoes, green vegetables — the English have every day
5. New Year, Christmas, Halloween, Thanksgiving Day, St. Valentine's Day, Easter — English holidays
6. Phil, Bart, Bob, Mike, Ann, Tom — boys' names
7. Christmas tree, Santa Claus, witches, roast turkey, pudding, presents — things for Christmas time

(9) Choose the right sentence.

1. a) My grandfather and my grandmother are my parents.
   b) My grandfather is my father's father.
   c) My brother is my sister's uncle.

2. a) Sweets are good for your teeth.
   b) Ice cream is good for you when you are ill.
   c) Apples are good for children and their parents.

3. a) Potatoes and carrots are vegetables.
   b) Tomatoes are English pets.
   c) Animals don't eat fruit and vegetables.

4. a) Boys don't wear skirts at school, they wear skirts at home.
   b) If the sweater suits you, it is the right size.
   c) We must keep our socks in our pockets.

5. a) For Christmas English people eat porridge and drink tea with lemon.
   b) English people eat a lot of tasty food on Christmas parties.
   c) English people don't decorate Christmas tree.

6. a) December, January and February are winter months in Australia.
   b) June, July and August are summer months in Russia.
   c) March, April and May are the hottest months in Russia.

Keys

Test 1

1 1. is 2. are 3. are 4. is 5. are, are 6. are, am 7. are, am

2 1. have got 2. is 3. have got 4. am 5. Have ... got 6. are 7. is

3 1. I am 2. I mustn't 3. I can't 4. she hasn't 5. he does 6. they are

5 1. Yes, it does. 2. She wants to have a white horse. 3. No, he doesn't. 4. Yes, she does. 5. No, we don't. 6. It wants to play with me. 7. Yes, they do.

6 1. its 2. you 3. they 4. they 5. His 6. its 7. His

7 1. Those boys don't play football at the school sports ground. 2. My little bird doesn't like my friend. 3. My brother Tom can't play tennis very well. 4. Our friends from Africa can play hockey. 5. My father isn't a good sportsman. 6. Bob likes to play snowballs with me. 7. I think about you.

8 1. false 2. false 3. true 4. true 5. false 6. true

9 1. you 2. fine 3. many 4. with 5. Have 6. would like 7. games

10 1. c 2. c 3. b 4. a 5. c 6. b

11 1. to play basketball 2. to have a lot of fun 3. to go to the swimming pool 4. to like to skip 5. to be from London 6. to be a driver 7. to play with toys 8. to hide under the table

12 1. uncle 2. monkey 3. teacher 4. eight 5. snowball 6. hockey 7. daughter

Test 2

1 1. too 2. do you do 3. are you 4. in the 5. giraffe 6. tag 7. bag

2 1. Is her little sister going to the swimming pool? 2. Ann isn't playing hockey now. 3. He is not running to school. 4. Where is my teacher running now? 5. What are you playing? 6. I am taking your ball now. 7. He is playing snowballs now.

3 1. I'm going to the Zoo. 2. No, she is not. They are not friends. 3. He is taking your bag! 4. They are skipping. 5. No, I am not. 6. No, he is skipping. 7. No, they are not. They are playing basketball.

4 1. b 2. a 3. b 4. b 5. c 6. c 7. b

6 1. do 2. does 3. Do 4. Does 5. Does 6. Do 7. does

7 1. doesn't want 2. do 3. love 4. doesn't like 5. don't 6. do 7. doesn't

8 1. The fox can. 2. The fish can. 3. Yes, he is. 4. No, he isn't. 5. Yes, he has. 6. The fox runs to the tree. 7. The fox is.

9 1. teeth 2. go 3. name 4. cold 5. chess 6. watch 7. fun

10 1. c 2. c 3. b 4. a 5. b 6. b 7. c

11 Sport — swim, ski, hockey, basketball, badminton, skate, football. Colours — red, blue, green, black, white, brown, yellow. Family — mother, father, sister, uncle, aunt, brother, daughter.

12 1. aunt 2. three 3. son 4. rabbit 5. skate 6. nine 7. grey

Test 3

1 1. cleaned 2. played 3. skipped 4. drank 5. ate 6. got up 7. came

2 вставать — get up — got up; иметь — have — had; давать — give — gave; идти — go — went; видеть — see — saw; сказать — say — said; приходить — come — came; взять — take — took; положить — put — put; пить — drink — drank; есть, кушать — eat — ate

3 1. Did Mother give us milk for breakfast yesterday? What did Mother give us for breakfast yesterday? 2. Did you get up at 6 yesterday morning? When did you get up yesterday morning? 3. Did Helen play chess with you yesterday morning? With whom did Helen play chess yesterday morning? 4. Did my friend's aunt live in London? Where did my friend's aunt live? 5. Did we see our teacher in the Zoo yesterday? Whom did we see in the Zoo yesterday?

4 1. a 2. a 3. c 4. b 5. b 6. c 7. c

5 1. liked 2. likes 3. wash 4. like 5. didn't 6. helped 7. did

6 1. I help my mother about the house. 2. My sisters washed their hands and face yesterday morning. 3. You helped me to do my homework yesterday. 4. You like to skate. 5. My sisters liked to watch TV. 6. I watch animals in the Zoo. 7. You watched TV yesterday. 8. My brother and I wash our hands at home.

7 1. Stuart lives in an American family. 2. Every morning Stuart dresses and goes for a walk about the house.

3. Stuart sees Snowball. 4. Stuart wants to do exercises but Snowball doesn't want it. 5. Stuart sees that Snowball's teeth are not white. 6. Stuart tells Snowball to go and clean his teeth. 7. Snowball is angry with Stuart.

8 1. yesterday 2. apple 3. sport 4. food 5. play 6. cup 7. baby

9 1. c 2. a 3. c 4. c 5. b 6. a 7. c

10 1. eat 2. evening 3. tea 4. drink 5. milk 6. glass 7. dinner

11 1. juice 2. tea 3. glass 4. apple 5. sweet 6. coffee 7. porridge

Test 4

1 1. with 2. for 3. for 4. in 5. in 6. at 7. at

2 1. have you got 2. says 3. was 4. ate 5. doesn't like 6. weren't 7. Were

3 1. He didn't make soup without meat. 2. My mother didn't eat salad with bread. 3. Jill didn't buy sweet carrots yesterday. 4. My parents didn't come home at eight. 5. You didn't give me your puppy. 6. They didn't play leapfrog yesterday. 7. Mary didn't drink apple juice yesterday.

4 1. A little boy bought ice cream. 2. Did a little boy buy ice cream? 3. Father made tasty soup. 4. Did Father make tasty soup? 5. You ate fruit salad yesterday. 6. Did you eat fruit salad yesterday? 7. Mother drank apple juice. 8. Did Mother drink apple juice?

5 1. Where is my porridge? 2. Was my hamster cold in winter? 3. Were the flowers red or orange? 4. How old

are you? 5. Why were you out yesterday? 6. Why are you always late for school? 7. Are tomatoes fruit?

6 1. He is from Great Britain. 2. I was not fine. I was very ill. 3. No, I wasn't. I was five. 4. They are my aunts. 5. It is black and white. 6. We were in. 7. It was my cat. 8. It is under the chair.

7 1. true 2. true 3. false 4. I don't know 5. true 6. I don't know 7. true

8 1. c 2. b 3. b 4. b 5. c 6. c 7. a

9 1. What's for dinner 2. don't like 3. I am sorry 4. some sweets 5. very hungry 6. I'd love to

10 1. animal 2. carrot 3. vegetable 4. hungry 5. make 6. thirsty 7. potato

Test 5

1 1. didn't eat 2. Do 3. made 4. make 5. ran 6. did 7. buy

2 1. What time did you go to bed? 2. What did you want to do yesterday morning? 3. Where did you go yesterday? 4. What time did they have dinner yesterday? 5. What did she have for breakfast yesterday? 6. When did your mother and you go to the mountains? 7. When did Nancy watch TV?

3 1. You ate cakes yesterday. 2. They knew my name. 3. Yesterday the pupils ran at the school sports ground. 4. She played chess with her parents yesterday. 5. Their cousins swam yesterday evening. 6. You looked nice last Monday. 7. My father made vegetable soup yesterday.

4 1. b 2. a 3. c 4. c 5. a 6. a 7. c

5 1. There aren't many toys under the bed. 2. She doesn't eat many tomatoes. 3. You can't eat much ice cream. 4. He hasn't got much homework to do every day. 5. There aren't many parks in London. 6. There isn't much soup at home. 7. She hasn't got much time.

6 1. many 2. a lot of / many 3. many 4. much 5. a lot of / much 6. a lot of / many 7. much

7 1. b 2. a 3. b 4. b 5. c 6. c 7. b

8 Sport — swim, hockey, basketball, skate, ski. Food — vegetable, spaghetti, fish, orange, soup. Drinks — tea, water, coffee, juice, milk. Family — mother, father, uncle, aunt, daughter.

9 1. to eat meat 2. to watch TV 3. to drink juice 4. to grow trees 5. to play chess 6. to look terrible 7. to clean the house

10 1. tasty soup 2. a green apple 3. sweet porridge 4. orange juice 5. cold milk 6. hot tea 7. chocolate ice cream

11 1. carrot 2. vegetable 3. buy 4. fruit 5. potato 6. fish 7. much

12 1. Twelve. 2. Apple. 3. Spaghetti. 4. Tea. 5. Potato. 6. Carrot. 7. Bread. 8. Milk. 9. Ice cream.

Test 6

1 иметь — have — had; посылать — send — sent; писать — write — wrote; расти — grow — grew; покупать — buy — bought; делать — make — made; приходить — come — came; брать — take — took; пить — drink — drank; давать — give — gave; есть, кушать — eat — ate

2 1. now 2. yesterday 3. usually 4. yesterday 5. today 6. sometimes

3 1. There were no apples on the apple-tree. 2. There is no bread at home. 3. There are a lot of sweets in the box. 4. There were no tables in the house. 5. There was no meat in the soup. 6. There are many hares in Russia. 7. There were many bears in Great Britain.

4 1. Are there many nice sweets on the table? 2. There is a lot of milk in my tea. 3. There are no cats and dogs at school. 4. Is there a boy in the tree? 5. There weren't many wolves in the forest last year. 6. What is there in your hand? 7. Is there any orange juice in my glass?

5 1. is 2. are 3. was 4. was 5. Were 6. are 7. is

6 1. Are there three sweets in the box? — Yes, there are. 2. Was there much juice at home? — No, there wasn't. 3. Were there ten people in the house? — Yes, there were. 4. Is there a banana in your bag? — No, there isn't. 5. Was there a present under the table? — Yes, there was. 6. Are there six cups on the table? — No, there aren't. 7. Is there a puppy in the box? — Yes, there is.

7 1. Yes, there is big one. 2. They are in the box. 3. No, there wasn't any. 4. No, there were not. 5. It is on the table. 6. Yes, there are a lot. 7. It is my new cap.

8 1. His name was Eeyore. 2. No, he wasn't. 3. Yes, it was. 4. No, there wasn't. 5. He wanted to give him a pot of honey. 6. He ran home. 7. Piglet wanted to give him a balloon.

9 1. a 2. c 3. c 4. b 5. b 6. b 7. c

10 1. a 2. c 3. a 4. b 5. a 6. a 7. a

11 1. letter 2. sometimes 3. invite 4. new 5. celebrate 6. write / right 7. shop

Test 7

1 1) 14; 2) 16; 3) 3; 4) 13; 5) 73; 6) 33; 7) 15; 8) 30; 9) 40; 10) 55

2 1) 30, 40; 2) 87, 38; 3) 10, 11; 4) 1; 5) 20, 1998; 6) 1987; 7) 381–27–61

3 1. must 2. must 3. mustn't 4. mustn't 5. must 6. mustn't 7. must

4 1. You mustn't go to bed now. — Тебе нельзя сейчас ложиться спать. 2. You mustn't read this book. — Тебе нельзя читать эту книжку. 3. I mustn't go. — Мне нельзя уходить. 4. He mustn't speak English at school. — Ему нельзя говорить по-английски в школе. 5. You mustn't play computer games. — Тебе нельзя играть в компьютерные игры. 6. We mustn't go out for a walk. — Нам нельзя идти гулять. 7. She mustn't do her homework. — Ей нельзя делать уроки.

5 1. Must I eat this soup? 2. You mustn't take my bag! 3. You must wash your hands. 4. I mustn't go for a walk at 10. 5. You mustn't sing here! 6. You must read this book. 7. We mustn't eat oranges.

6 1. b 2. a 3. b 4. b 5. b 6. c 7. b

7 1. isn't 2. am not 3. didn't 4. doesn't 5. aren't 6. don't 7. hasn't

8 1. a 2. c 3. b 4. c 5. b 6. c 7. b

9 1. pet 2. take 3. teaches 4. tails 5. right, left 6. eyes 7. clever

10 1. b 2. a 3. a 4. b 5. c 6. b 7. c

11 1. left 2. right / write 3. leg 4. head 5. nose 6. tail 7. neck

Test 8

1 1. There aren't 2. Our house isn't 3. Those boys didn't look 4. My friend couldn't 5. My sister doesn't ride 6. We didn't watch 7. She didn't hunt

2 1. in 2. to 3. about 4. to 5. for 6. on 7. for

3 1. Did my parrot eat a carrot? What did my parrot eat? 2. Does she love her pet? What does she love? 3. Is his dog swimming in the lake? Where is his dog swimming?

4 hungry — hungrier — the hungriest; small — smaller — the smallest; large — larger — the largest; funny — funnier — the funniest; clever — cleverer — the cleverest; nice — nicer — the nicest; big — bigger — the biggest; short — shorter — the shortest; young — younger — the youngest

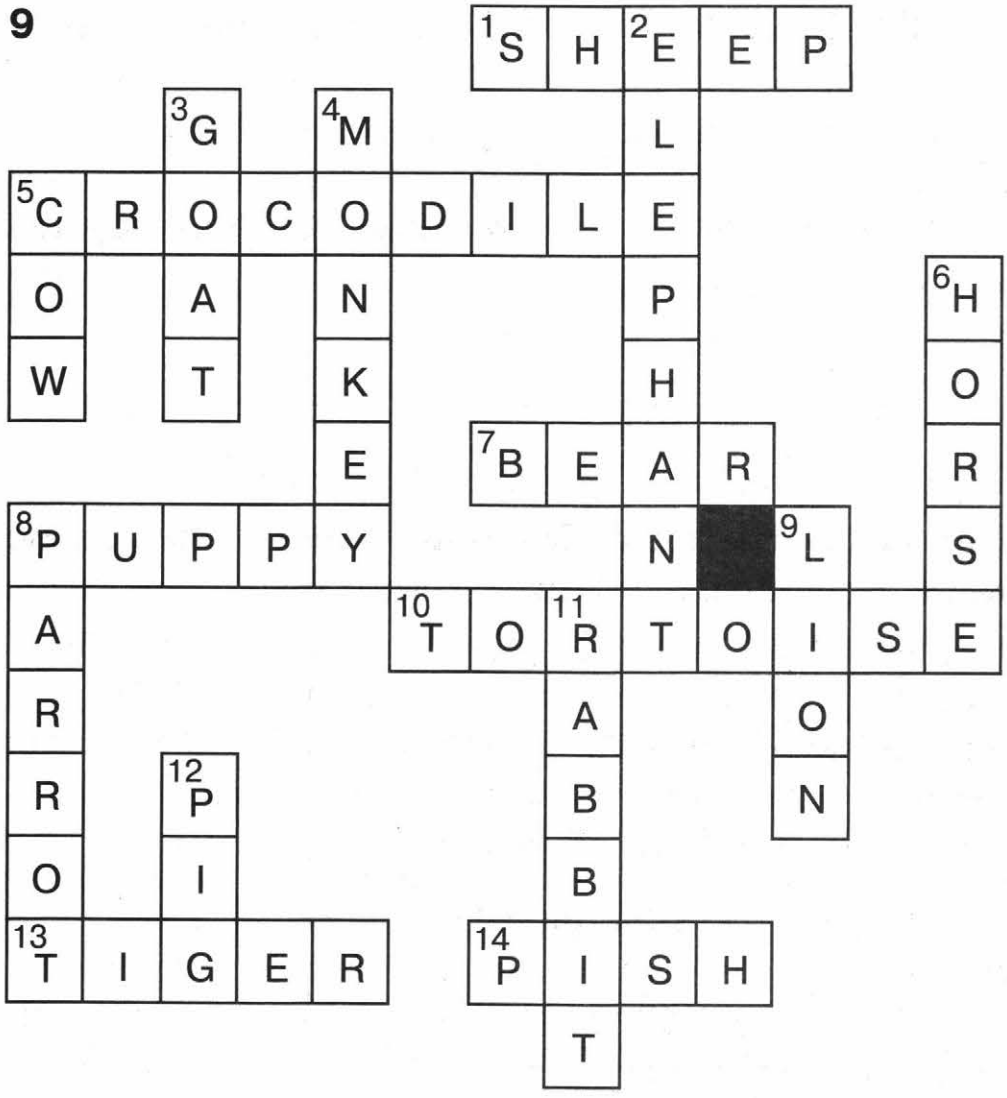
5 1. longest 2. smaller 3. funny 4. nice 5. sharp 6. clever 7. biggest

6 1. true 2. false 3. false 4. I don't know 5. I don't know 6. true 7. true

7 1. pig 2. wolf 3. horse 4. dog 5. toe 6. parrot 7. wild

8 1. domestic 2. beautiful 3. shoulder 4. toe 5. foot 6. finger 7. arm

9



Test 9

1 bad — worse — the worst; interesting — more interesting — the most interesting; beautiful — more beautiful — the most beautiful; cold — colder — the coldest; warm — warmer — the warmest; small — smaller — the smallest; strong — stronger — the strongest; happy — happier — the happiest; old — older — the oldest

3 1. easier 2. nicer 3. biggest 4. best 5. worse 6. funniest 7. tallest

5 1. Will her friend go to the swimming pool next month? 2. He will not have potatoes for lunch tomorrow evening. 3. Where will my uncle go next winter? 4. Meg will go shopping with her friend next week. 5. What will you give your mother as a birthday present next year? 6. He will do his homework tomorrow afternoon. 7. I will go to the sea with my family next summer.

6 1. Did 2. didn't eat 3. Will 4. won't 5. didn't 6. will have 7. bought

7 1. Will you go to the park tomorrow? Where will you go tomorrow? 2. Does she make cakes every day? What cakes does she make every day? 3. Will they have breakfast at seven o'clock? What time will they have breakfast? 4. Did he put on his favourite coat yesterday? What did he put on yesterday?

8 1. I agree 2. I disagree 3. I disagree 4. I agree 5. I agree 6. I agree 7. I disagree

9 Clothes — shorts, sweater, coat, blouse, shirt, jacket, shoes. Animals — tiger, tortoise, parrot, fish, elephant, hamster, cat. Food — meal, lunch, fruit, vegetable, porridge, ice cream, juice.

10 1. b 2. a 3. b 4. c 5. c 6. a 7. c

11 1. shirt 2. skirt 3. sweater 4. trousers 5. jeans 6. jacket 7. blouse

Test 10

1 1. shall 2. didn't 3. do 4. doesn't 5. shall not 6. went 7. teach

2 1. No, he won't. He'll be very busy. 2. Yes, she will. 3. He will have eggs and tea. 4. It will drink milk. 5. I'll go to school. 6. No, they won't. 7. I'll roller-skate in the park.

4 1. My father will buy new jeans next month. 2. My cat won't eat this fish. 3. What birds will you see in the forest? 4. I shan't put on this coat tomorrow. 5. Where will you play football tomorrow? 6. What will you do tomorrow? 7. Tomorrow we shall get up at six.

5 1. nice 2. well 3. slowly 4. terrible 5. sadly 6. nice 7. well

6 1. b 2. c 3. a 4. b 5. b 6. c 7. b

7 1. Jeremy put on his raincoat, galoshes and went fishing. 2. Jeremy took a baby-frog from the water but in a moment it jumped back. 3. Jeremy got very hungry and ate a butterfly sandwich. 4. A big fish ate Jeremy up and then spat him out. 5. He came home, and had grasshopper salad for dinner.

8 1. to live in London 2. to work at school 3. to come home from school 4. to wear trousers 5. to drink juice 6. to eat soup 7. to say 'Goodnight' 8. to run quickly

9 1. skirts 2. T-shirt 3. put on 4. cold 5. suits 6. quickly 7. shoes

10 1. tail 2. come 3. Monday 4. apple 5. wear 6. animal 7. celebrate

11 1. food 2. clothes 3. drinks 4. colours 5. pets 6. (wild) animals

12 1. quick 2. tights 3. walk 4. watch 5. overcoat 6. celebrate 7. weekend

Test 11

1 1. angry 2. quietly 3. good 4. suddenly 5. well 6. quickly 7. nice

2 1. some 2. How much 3. any 4. any 5. some 6. any 7. some 8. any 9. any 10. some 11. How many

3 1. anything 2. something 3. anything 4. anything 5. something 6. anything 7. anything, something

4 1. Mary hasn't got anything in her bag. / Mary has got nothing in her bag. 2. She isn't reading anything. / She is reading nothing. 3. Nobody lives in this house. 4. You haven't got any Russian books. / You have got no Russian books. 5. Last week she didn't gave me any money. / Last week she gave me no money. 6. Yesterday you didn't buy anything for her. / Yesterday you bought nothing for her. 7. There aren't any apple-trees in our garden. / There are no apple-trees in our garden.

5 1. There are some white tigers in the Zoo. 2. Are there any books in your bag? 3. Do you want to tell me anything? 4. Is there anybody at home? 5. Don't tell her anything! 6. There is somebody there. 7. There are some English books in this shop.

6 1. There aren't any apples on the table. 2. There isn't any juice at home. 3. There aren't any books in my bag. 4. I didn't want to say anything to you. 5. Have you got anything to eat? 6. She took nothing / something from the table. 7. Is there anything in your box?

7 1. c 2. c 3. b 4. a 5. c 6. b 7. b

8 1. b 2. b 3. a 4. c 5. c 6. b 7. c

9 After July: 1. August 2. September 3. October 4. November 5. December. Before August: 1. January 2. February 3. March 4. April 5. May 6. June 7. July.

10 1. This is Ann. 2. What are you doing in Italy? 3. The weather is wonderful. 4. I am happy to hear that.

11 1. after 2. leaf 3. celebrate 4. forest 5. January 6. grass 7. spring 8. year

12 1. warm 2. April 3. June 4. grass 5. autumn 6. leaf 7. July

Test 12

1 1. My little brother didn't look nice. 2. We didn't invite Mary and Bob for our parties. 3. I didn't eat cakes yesterday. 4. My father thanked my mother for nice meals. 5. My little sister liked to go to the forest. 6. He didn't play chess with his parents. 7. We went shopping yesterday.

2 1. Who bought it? 2. What did she buy? 3. When did she buy it? 4. Where did she buy it? 5. Why did she buy it?

3 1. We don't watch TV at school every day. 2. What did you read yesterday evening? 3. He won't celebrate next Christmas. 4. Where are you from? 5. What are you doing now? 6. What will you read tomorrow evening? 7. Ann will cook fish soup next Sunday.

4 1. Yes, he is. 2. No, I haven't. 3. They are singing. 4. She does. 5. Yes, you must. 6. It is black and red and white. 7. My cousin will.

5 1. a 2. c 3. a 4. a 5. b 6. b 7. c

6 1. They were pink and white. 2. The girl did. 3. It was spring. 4. He thought that they were ugly. 5. Yes, he did. 6. She had a yellow flower. 7. She wanted to make a picture of it.

7 1. winter 2. leaves 3. season 4. river 5. oceans 6. mountain 7. night

8 1. pizza 2. birthday party 3. Granny 4. tea with lemon 5. Thanksgiving Day 6. Ann 7. witches

9 1. b 2. c 3. a 4. b 5. b 6. b

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Издательство «АЙРИС-пресс» предлагает обращаться

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Москва, пр-т Мира, д. 104, тел. +7 495 785-15-30
e-mail: trade@airis.ru, www.airis.ru

по вопросам приобретения в розницу:
книжный магазин «Русское зарубежье»
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Интернет-магазин
www.kmrz.ru
Доставка почтой по России и зарубежью

Издательство «АЙРИС-пресс» приглашает к сотрудничеству авторов образовательной и развивающей литературы
129626, Москва, а/я 66, тел. +7 495 785-15-30
e-mail: editor@airis.ru

Учебное издание

Воронова Елена Геннадьевна

АНГЛИЙСКИЙ ЯЗЫК. 3 КЛАСС
Тесты к учебнику И. Н. Верещагиной, Т. А. Притыкиной "English 3"

Ведущий редактор *В. А. Львов*
Оформление обложки *М. А. Кузнецов*
Технический редактор *В. А. Артемов*
Компьютерная вёрстка *Е. Г. Иванов*
Корректор *О. В. Шамова*

Подписано в печать 17.07.17. Бумага офсетная.
Формат 84×108 1/16. Гарнитура «Прагматика». Печать офсетная.
Печ. л. 8. Усл. печ. л. 13,44. Тираж 5000 экз. Заказ № 3608/17.

ООО «Издательство «АЙРИС-пресс»
129626, Москва, пр-т Мира, д. 104.

Отпечатано в соответствии с предоставленными материалами
в ООО «ИПК Парето-Принт»
Россия, 170546, Тверская область, Калининский район, Бурашевское сельское поселение,
промышленная зона Боровлёво — 1, комплекс № 3 «А»
тел. (4822) 62-00-17, факс (4822) 62-00-18
www.pareto-print.ru.